



Europäisches Patentamt

European Patent Office

Office européen des brevets



EP 0 753 835 A2

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication: 15.01.1997 Bulletin 1997/03

(51) Int. Cl.⁶: **G06T 15/00**, G06F 17/60

(21) Application number: 96111298.4

(22) Date of filing: 12.07.1996

(84) Designated Contracting States: BE DE FR GB IT

(30) Priority: 12.07.1995 JP 175854/95

(71) Applicant: SONY CORPORATION Tokyo (JP)

(72) Inventor: Honda, Yasuaki Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo (JP)

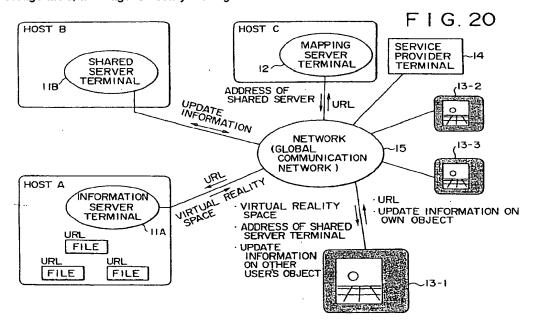
(11)

(74) Representative: Melzer, Wolfgang, Dipl.-Ing. et al Patentanwälte Mitscherlich & Partner, Postfach 33 06 09 80066 München (DE)

(54) A three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing method and system

(57) Volume of communication necessary for displaying moving images is minimized. When an object is moved on a client terminal (13-1), a message indicating the movement of the object is transmitted to a server terminal (11-1). The server terminal (11-1) transmits the message to client terminals (13-2 and 13-3). Each of the client terminals (13-1) through (13-3) stores a message table in advance to execute the message. According the message table, an image for locally moving an

object (101) is generated and displayed. This novel setup transmits information about the update of an update objects composed of a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change, in a minimum transmission volume. This, in turn, allows cooperative operations of the plurality of sub objects to be smoothly displayed in a three-dimensional virtual reality space shared by a plurality of users.



The legacity of expensions of a graph and message with the entry needs

The plantage of the company of the c

about their or harms

Description

25

50

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

连续进步的 医海绵病 医血管溶解性

The present invention relates to a method of sharing a three-dimensional virtual reality space, a system of sharing a three-dimensional virtual reality space, a method of information processing, an information recording medium, a method of information recording, an information transmission, a client terminal, and a shared server terminal and, more particularly, to a method of sharing a three-dimensional virtual reality space, a system of sharing a three-dimensional virtual reality space, a method of information processing, an information recording medium, a method of information recording an information transmission medium, a method of information transmission medium, a method of information transmission medium, a virtual reality space for example to be provided to users.

A cyberspace service named Habitat (trademark) is known in the so-called personal computer communications services such as NIFTY-Serve (trademark) of Japan and CompuServe (trademark) of US in which a plurality of users connect their personal computers via modems and public telephone network to the host computers installed at the centers of the services to access them in predetermined protocols. Development of Habitat started in 1985 by Lucas Film of the US, operated by Quantum Link, one of US commercial networks, for about three years. Then, Habitat started its service in NIFTY-Serve as Fujitsu Habitat (trademark) in February 1990. In Habitat, users can send their after egos called avatars (the incarnation of a god figuring in the Hindu mythology) into a virtual city called Populopolis drawn by two-dimensional graphics to have a chat (namely, a realtime conversation based on text entered and displayed) with each other. For further details of Habitat, refer to the Japanese translation of "Cyberspace: First Steps," Michael Benedikt, ed., 1991, MIT Press Cambridge, MA, ISBN0-262-02327-X, the translation being published March 20, 1994, by NTT Publishing, ISBN4-87188-265-9C0010, pp. 282-307.

In the related art cyberspace system operated on such personal communications servers as mentioned above, a virtual street, a virtual room interior, and the like are drawn in two-dimensional graphics. In such an environment, movement of an avatar backward or forward is realized simply by moving it up or down in a two-dimensional background, providing poor representation for enabling the user to experience walk or movement in the virtual space. Because this scheme makes the user look at the virtual space in which the user's avatar and another user's avatar are shown from the viewpoint of a third person, the sense of pseudo experience is married to a large extent. Therefore, realization of the walk-through capability has been awaited by the industry concerned, in which the virtual space is displayed in three dimensional graphics and an avatar can walk freely in the virtual space from the viewpoint of avatar itself, thus enhancing the sense of pseudo experience.

On the other hand, for a related art example for realizing the sharing of a three-dimensional virtual reality space on a network, a system of FIG. 42 is known which is constituted by client terminals 3-1 through 3-3 interconnected by the parameters (Local Area-Network) installed in companies or laboratories.

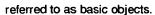
First, all client terminals 3-1 through 3-3 read graphics data from a storage device 2 of a server terminal 1 that describe the same three-dimensional space to display the same three-dimensional space. At this point of time, the three-dimensional spaces visually recognized by all users match each other. Namely, the client terminals 3-1 through 3-3 show three-dimensional images according to the viewpoints of the users of these terminals as shown in FIGS. 43 and a through 43 °C. In this example, a triangular pyramidal object 101, a quadrangular prism object 102, and a cylindrical object 103.

Meanwhile, if, at a client terminal 3-1, the user changed positions of the conical object 101, information about the change (change information) is sent from the client terminal 3-1 to the server 1 via a LAN 4. The change information about the movement is then transmitted from the server terminal 1 via the LAN 4 to the client terminals 3-2 and 3-3. Then, on the client terminals 3-2 and 3-3, the display position of the conical object is changed according to the change information transmitted from the client terminal 3-1.

Likewise, when, on the client terminal 3-2 or 3-3, an operation is made to move the quadrangular prism object 102 or the cylindrical object 103, an image in which the quadrangular prism object 102 or the cylindrical object 103 has been proved accordingly is displayed on the client terminal 3-1.

To be more specific, when a change is made to the virtual reality space on any of the client terminals 3-1 through 3-3; the change is reflected in the display of the other client terminals; thereby allowing the users of the client terminals 3-1 through 3-3 to share the same virtual reality space.

The above-mentioned objects 101 through 103 and avatar objects representing the users can be moved within a virtual reality space and made enter or exit the virtual reality space, the states of the objects being changed (or updated) inside the virtual reality space. The objects that can change their states are hereinafter appropriately referred to as update objects. Unlike the update objects, objects representing buildings for example which constitute a town in a virtual reality space are commonly used by a plurality of users, the basic states of such objects remaining unchanged. Even if their states change, such a change is autonomous; namely, the change takes place independently of the operation made on a client terminal. These objects which are used by a plurality of users are hereinafter appropriately.



10

25

35

40

Meanwhile, in the system for sharing a three-dimensional virtual reality space by using the LAN as shown in FIG. 42, if objects 101 through 103 each having a simple shape consisting of a single object as shown in FIG. 43, it can be 🖟 🖫 implemented by transferring the identification numbers of the objects 101 through 103 and the update information including shift vectors of the objects 101 through 163 for example.

However, moving an object having a complex shape consisting of a plurality of sub objects has to transfe, the identification number and applicate information of each sub object separately, thereby increasing the traffic through the LAN. and delaying the transmission of each update information, resulting in a mismatch between the movements of the objects displayed on the client terminals 3-1 through 3-3, a delay in a plurality of sub objects, and eventually in a jerky movement in a series of interlocking operations as an object in its entirety. instruction of the H 05 - 150.1

For example, FIG. 44 shows principles of operation of representing the walking behavior of an avata: simulating a user in a three-dimensional virtual reality space. In this example, the avatar object is constituted by a total of five sub objects; a body including a nead; a right arm, a left arm, a right leg, and a left leg. To make the hands and the legs of this avatar swing to provide a walk behavior along with the movement of this avatar, it is required to transmit the update information at least including the shift vector of the body sub object, the shift vectors of the right-arm, left-arm, right-leg and left-leg sub objects, the fluctuation angle from the axis provided by the joint to the body, along with the identification numbers of the sub objects. thodam an and the second second OF CONTRACTOR •

Consequently, the number of sub objects constituting each object increases. Therefore, as a movement involving more complex operations is expressed, the volume of communication for transmitting the update information of objects :... increases, thereby increasing the load to the server terminal 1 and decreasing the smoothness of the display of the movement of the object represented by the cooperative operations of the sub-objects. 14 the astronomy reserves the SE SEEL OF TWENTY AND THE SECOND HER AND THE SECOND

AND THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF A STORY

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION THE PERMISSION OF THE PROPERTY OF A STATE OF THE PARTY OF Rolle to the desired the second

It is therefore an object of the present invention to provide a method of sharing a three-dimensional virtual reality in v space, a three-dimensional virtual réality space sharing system, a method of information processing, an information are recording medium, a method of information recording, an information transmission medium, a method of information and transmission, a client terminal, and a server terminal for transmitting, in a minimum quantity, the update information of 👙 an update object composed of sub objects of which states are subject to change and smoothly displaying a cooperative operation of these sub objects in a three-dimensional virtual reality space shared by a plurality of users.

ीn carrying out the invention and according to a first aspect thereof, a method of sharing a three-dimensional virtual 🔝 reality space comprising the steps of: connecting a plurality of client terminals for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change to a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals via a communication network; registering in each of the plurality of client terminals in advance a change sequence table for defining a relationship between a sequence of changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects according to a change to the state of the update object and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence; when the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal is updated, notifying each of the plurality of client terminals 🖂 of the message corresponding to updated content of the state of the update object from the shared server terminal; and :: / changing on each of the plurality of client terminals the state of each of the plurality of sub objects based on the change sequence specified by the message to reflect the change in the displayed three-dimensional virtual reality space.

"In carrying out the invention and according to a second aspect thereof, there is provided a system of sharing a three-dimensional virtual reality space comprising: a plurality of client terminals for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to 🕾 change; a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals; a communication network for connecting each of the plurality of client terminals to the shared server terminal; and a change sequence table for defining a relationship between a change sequence of the state of each of the sub objects corresponding to update content of the state of the update object and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence, the change sequence table being registered in each of the plurality of client terminals in advance; wherein, when the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal is updated, the shared server terminal notifies each of the plurality of client terminals of the message corresponding to updated content of the state of the update object, and each of the client terminals changes the state of each of the plurality of sub objects based on the change sequence specified by the message to reflect the change in the displayed three-dimensional virtual reality space.

In carrying out the invention and according to a third aspect thereof, there is provided an information recording. medium for use in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system to record a computer program comprising the processing steps of: connecting a plurality of client terminals for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update/object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change to a shared. server terminal for controlling a state of the update objection each of the plurality of client terminals via a communication network; registering in each of the plurality of client terminals in advance; a change sequence table for defining a rela-

tionship between a sequence of changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects according to a change to the state of the update object can a message for specifying a type of the change sequence; when the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal is updated, notifying each of the plurality of client terminals of the message corresponding to up lated content of the state of each of the plurality of sub objects based on the change sequence on each of the plurality of client terminals the state of each of the plurality of sub objects based on the change sequence specified by the message to reflect the change in the displayed three-dimensional virtual reality space; wherein the computer program is readable and executable by at least one of the terminals consisting of the shared server terminal and the plurality of client terminals.

In carrying cut the invention and according to a fourth aspect thereof, there is provided an information recording method for use in a three-dimensional virtual reality sharing system to record a computer program in an information recording medium, the computer program comprising the processing steps of connecting a plurality of client terminals for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constitute. As plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change to a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals in advance a change sequence to be for defining a relationship between a sequence of changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects according to a change to the state of the update object and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence; when the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal is updated, notifying each of the plurality of client terminals of the message corresponding to updated content of the state of the update object from the shared server terminal; and changing on each of the plurality of client terminals the state of each of the plurality of sub-objects based on the change sequence specified by the message to reflect the change in the displayed three-dimensional virtual reality space; wherein the computer program is readable and executable by at least one of the terminals consisting of the shared server terminal and the plurality of client terminals.

In carrying out the invertion and according to a fifth aspect thereof, there is provided an information transmission medium for use in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system to transmit a computer program comprising the processing steps of connecting a plurality of client terminals for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change to a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals via a communication network; registering in each of the plurality of client terminals in advance a change sequence table for defining a relationship between a sequence of changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects according to a change to the state of the update object and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence; when the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal is updated, notifying each of the plurality of client terminals of the message corresponding to updated content of the state of the update object from the shared server terminal; and changing on each of the plurality of client terminals the state of each of the plurality of sub objects based on the change sequence specified by the message to reflect the change in the displayed, three-dimensional virtual reality space; wherein the computer program is readable and executable by at least one of the terminals consisting of the shared server terminals and the executable computer program is transmitted to at least one of the terminals consisting of the shared server terminal and the plurality of client terminals and the plurality of client terminals and the plurality of client terminals.

25

In carrying out the invention and according to a sixth aspect thereof, there is provided an information transmission method for use in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system to transmit a computer program comprising the processing steps of: connecting a plurality of client terminals for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change to a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals via a communication network; registering in each of the plurality of client terminals in advance a change sequence table for defining a relationship between a sequence of changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects according to a change to the state of the update object and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence; when the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal is updated, notifying each of the plurality of client terminals of the message corresponding to updated content of the state of the update object from the shared server terminal; and changing on each of the plurality of client terminals the state of each of the plurality of sub objects based on the change sequence specified by the message to reflect the change in the displayed three-dimensional virtual reality space; wherein the computer program is readable and executable by at least one of the terminals consisting of the shared server terminal and the plurality of client terminals and the executable computer program is transmitted to at least one of the terminals consisting of the shared server terminal and the plurality of client terminals.

In carrying out the invention and according to a seventh aspect thereof, there is provided an information processing method of a client terminal in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system in which a plurality of client terminals for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change are connected to a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals via a communication network, the information processing method comprising the steps of: registering in each of the plurality of client terminals in advance a change sequence table for defining a relationship between a sequence of changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects accord-

ing to a change to the state of the update object and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence; acquiring the message corresponding to the update content of the state of the update object, the message being notified from the shared server terminal when the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal is updated; and changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects based on the change sequence specified by the message to reflect the change in the displayed three-dimensional virtual reality space.

In carrying out the invention and according to an eighth aspect thereof, there is provided a client terminal in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system in which a plurality of client terminals for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change are connected to a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object off each of the plurality of client terminals in advance a change sequence table for defining a relationship between a sequence of changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects according to a change to the state of the update object and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence; an acquiring means for acquiring the message corresponding to the update content of the state of the update object the message being notified from the shared server terminal when the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal is updated; and a changing means for changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects based on the change sequence specified by the message to reflect the change in the displayed three-dimensional virtual reality space.

In carrying out the invention and according to a ninth aspect thereof, there is provided an information recording medium for use in a client terminal in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system to record a computer program comprising the processing steps of: registering in each of the plurality of client terminals in advance a change sequence table for defining a relationship between a sequence of changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects according to a change to the state of the update object and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence, acquiring the message corresponding to the update content of the state of the update object, the message being notified from the shared server terminal when the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal is updated; and changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects based on the change sequence specified by the message to reflect the change in the displayed three-dimensional virtual reality space; wherein the computer program is recorded in the information recording medium in a state readable and executable by the client terminal.

In carrying out the invention and according to a tenth aspect thereof, there is provided ah information recording method of a recording medium for use on a client terminal in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system to record a computer program comprising the processing steps of: registering in each of the plurality of client terminals in advance a change sequence table for defining a relationship between a sequence of changing the state of each of the plurality of sub-objects according to a change to the state of the update object and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence; acquiring the message corresponding to the update content of the state of the update object, the message being notified from the shared server terminal when the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal is updated; and changing the state of each of the plurality of sub-objects based on the change sequence specified by the message to reflect the change in the displayed three-dimensional virtual reality space; wherein the computer program is recorded in the recording medium in a state readable and executable by the client terminal.

30

1

Ţ

٠,٠

Ļ

Ĩ,

Ę.

Ş.

A.

In carrying out the invention and according to an eleventh aspect thereof, there is provided an information transmission medition for use on a client terminal in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system in which a plurality of client terminals for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change are connected to a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals via a communication network, the information transmission method transmitting a computer program comprising the processing steps of registering in each of the plurality of client ferminals in advance a change sequence table for defining a relationship between a sequence of changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects according to a change to the state of the update object and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence; acquiring the message corresponding to the update content of the state of the update object; the message being notified from the shared server terminal when the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal is updated; and changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects based on the change sequence specified by the message to reflect the change in the displayed three-dimensional virgual reality space; wherein the computer program is transmitted to the client terminal in a state receivable and executable by the same.

In carrying out the invention and according to a twelfth aspect thereof, there is provided an information transmission method for use on a client terminal in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system in which a plurality of client terminals for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change are connected to a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals via a communication network, the information transmission method transmitting a computer program comprising the processing steps of: registering in each of the plurality of client terminals in advance a change sequence table for defining a relationship between a sequence of changing the state of the plurality of sub objects according to a change to the state of the update object and a message for

specifying a type of the change requence; scruiring the message corresponding a support content of the state of the update object, the message being notified from the shared server terminal when the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal is a charge; and changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects based on the change requence specified by the message to reflect the change in the displayed three-dimensional virtual reality spaces wherein the computer program is transmit add the client terminal in a state receivable and executable by the same.

ing method of a shared server terminal in a three-timensional virtual reality space sharing system in which a piurality of client terminals for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub object's each of which state is subject to change are connected to a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update objection each of the plurality of client terminals via a communication network, the information processing method comprising the steps of determining update of the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal and when the state of the update object is updated, notifying each of the plurality of client terminals of a message for specifying a type of a change sequence of each of the plurality of sub-objects corresponding to updated content of the state of the update object from the shared server terminals.

15

20

25

30

In carrying out the invention and according to a fourteenth aspect thereof, there is provided a shared server terminal in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system in which a plurality of client terminals for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change are connected to a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals via a communication network, the shared server terminal comprising; a determining means for determining update of the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal; and when the state of the update object is updated, a notifying means for notifying each of the plurality of client terminals of a means age for specifying a type of a change sequence of each of the plurality of sub objects corresponding to updated controlled by the state of the update object from the shared server terminals.

In carrying out the invention and according to a fifteen aspect thereof, there is provided, an information recording medium for use on a shared server terminal in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system in which a plurality of client terminals for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change are connected to a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals via a communication network, the information recording medium recording a computer program comprising the processing steps of determining update of the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal; and when the state of the update object is updated, notifying each of the plurality of client terminals of a message for specifying a type of a change sequence of each of the plurality of sub objects corresponding to updated content of the state of the update object from the shared server terminal; wherein the computer program is stored in the information recording medium in a state readable and executable by the shared server terminal.

In carrying out the invention and according to a sixteenth aspect thereof, there is provided an information recording method for use on a shared server terminal in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system in which a plurality of client terminals for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change are connected to a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals via a communication network, the information recording method recording a computer program comprising of the processing steps of: determining update of the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal; and when the state of the update object is updated, notifying each of the plurality of client terminals of a message for specifying a type of a change sequence of each of the plurality of sub objects corresponding to updated content of the state of the update object from the shared server terminal; wherein the computer program is stored in an information recording medium in a state readable and executable by the shared server terminal.

In carrying out the invention and according to a seventeenth aspect thereof, there is provided an information transmission medium for use on a shared server terminal in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system in which a plurality of client terminals for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub-objects each of which state is subject to change are connected to a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals via a communication network, the information transmission medium transmitting a computer program comprising the processing steps of determining update of the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal; and when the state of the update object is updated, notifying each of the plurality of client terminals of a message for specifying a type of a change sequence of each of the plurality of sub objects corresponding to updated content of the state of the update object from the shared server terminal; wherein the computer program is transmitted to the shared server terminal in a state receivable and executable by the same.

In carrying out the invention and according to an eighteenth aspect thereof, there is provided an information transmission method for use on a shared server terminal in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system in which

a plurality of client terminals for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change are connected to a shared server ferminal for controlling a state of the tipdate object on each of the plurality of client terminals via a communication hetwork, the information transmission metriod transmitting a computer program of oppositions the processing steps of determining update of the state of the update object controlled by the shared server ferminal, and when the state of the update object is updated, notifying each of the plurality of client terminals of a message for specifying a type of a change sequence of each of the plurality of sub objects corresponding to update content of the state of the update object from the shared server terminal; wherein the computer program is an amount of the shared server terminal in a state receivable and executable by the same:

According to the present invention, in the three-dimensional virtual reality sharing-method, the system, the information recording medium, the information recording medium, the information recording medium, the information transmission medium, and the information medium, and the information transmission medium, and the information medium me

Further, according to the present invention, in the information processing method, the client terminal, the information recording method, the information transmission method, the information transmission method, the change sequence of the plurality of sub objects corresponding to the update content of the state of the update object is stored in a client terminal and started in synchronization with the change sequences stored in other client terminals.

Further, according to the present invention, in the information processing method, the server terminal, the information recording method, the information transmission medium, and the information medium, and the information medium, and the information medium, and the information transmission medium, and the information transmission medium, and the information medium, and the information

The above and other objects, features and advantages of the present invention will become more apparent from the accompanying drawings, in which like reference numerals are used to identify the same or similar parts in several and views and a major of the same of similar parts in several and views and a major of the same of similar parts in several and views and a major of the same of similar parts in several and views and a major of the same of similar parts in several and views and a major of the same of similar parts in several and views and the same of similar parts in several and se

BRIEFIDESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS programming located and the registration of the programming and the second secon

10

15

20

35

40

45

50

55

*FIGHT is a block diagram illustrating an example of the constitution of a cyberspace system practiced as one preferred embodiment of the present invention; and the last of the last of

ന്ത്. കാരുകളെ പ്രത്യ നടത്തില്, അതില് തന്ത്രായിൽ മാന്യാന്ത്രത്തില് തരുത്തില് വേശ്യാന്ത്രിയായില് വര്യത്ത് വര്യത്

- FIG.2 is a block diagram illustrating an example of the constitution of a server terminal 11 of FIG. 1; and the constitution of a server terminal 11 of FIG. 1;
- FIG. 3 is a block diagram illustrating an example of the constitution of a client terminal 13 of FIG. 18 (1996) 10 (1996)
- FIG. 4 is a block diagram illustrating an example of the constitution of a service provider terminal 14 of FIG. 1;
- FIG. 5 is a diagram describing a virtual reality space formed by the cyberspace system of Fig. 1;
- vFIG: 61s a diagram describing a view field seen from avatar Cyner sent over a guly car in each a los tow in to News
- -FIG.v7 is a diagram describing a view field seen from avatar D; ເຂົາໄດ້ຮັບ ຄຳຄວາມ ກໍດີຄວາມ ົດຄວາມ ເຄືອນ ເຄືອນໄດ້
- FIG.8 is a diagram describing message transmission in the dyberspace system; 经有效 原体 原始 经存储 医细胞性
- FiG. 9 A is a diagram describing a display example of a message list; The contract of the properties and the
- FIG. 9 B is a diagram describing a display example of the message list;
- FIG210 is a diagram illustrating a display example of a client terminal 13-1/ametic of the Continuous page of the world
- FIG. 13 is a flowchart describing the processing of message 1;
- FIG. 14 is a diagram illustrating avatar/movement in the virtual reality space; and him to the second company of the company o
- FIG. 15tis a flowchart describing the processing of message 8; in which is the composition of the makes makes in
- াFIG: 16% a flowchart describing details of the processing of arm movement in step S24 of FIG: 15;লেও ত প্ৰতিভাগে চ
- FIG: 17 is a flowchart describing details of the processing of leg movement in step S25 of FIG. 15; Your Color State
- #FIG:18 is a diagram illustrating another display example on a client terminal; A realized additionable to realize example on a client terminal;
- FIG. 19 is a flowchart describing the-processing in which complex movement is started/per a token for the right of the
- *FIG:20 is a block diagram illustrating an example of the constitution of the cyberspace system practiced as another preferred embodiment of the present invention;
- FIG. 21 is a diagram describing the WWW (World Wide. Web); provered only the file years of particular flore for even according
- oFIG:22 is a diagram illustrating an example of URL processors above to proceed a second solutions.
- FIG. 23 is a block diagram illustrating an example of the constitution of a mapping server terminal; 14.4 2024/1944-1944-2024
- FIG. 24 is a flowchart describing the operations of the client terminal 13 (the service provider terminal 14);
- ぶFIG. 25fis a flowchart describing the operations of an information server terminal 14A; Palane self in the the the control of the control

.4

FIG. 26 is a flowchart describing the operations of a mapping server terminal 12/25 to 4. 2.2 but the cells and learned to (sation conductors in soil in) FIG. 27 is a flowchart describing the operations of a shared server terminal 11B; FIG. 28 is a block diagram illustrating the client terminal, 13 practiced as another preferred embodiment of the present invention; and horse of the process of the FIG. 29 is a diagram describing locations in which basic objects and update objects are stored; FIG. 30 is a diagram describing the arrangement of basic objects and update objects; 172, 199 0, 199 1, 199 0 FIG. 31 is a diagram describing software for implementing the cyberspace system; FIG. 32 is a diagram describing software operating on the client terminal 13-1 and the shared server terminal 1.1Bwas now you Mithleman and corner to 1; FIG. 33 is a diagram describing the environment in which the software operates; (1520) 1/2 (1520) 1/2 (1520) EIG. 34 is a diagram flustrating a display example on the shared server terminal \$184 of EIG. 327467 \$ 500 Person FIG. 35 is a diagram illustrating another display example on the shared serves terminal 4.18-set, FIG. 32; we then the FIG. 36 is a diagram illustrating still another display example on the shared server terminal 14B-1 of FIG. 32; FIG. 37 is a diagram illustrating yet another display example on the shared server terminal (113-1, of FIG. 32; FIG. 38 is a diagram illustrating a display example on the client terminal 13-1 of FIG. 32; 1943 1964 1964 1964 1964 FIG. 39 is a diagram illustrating a display example on the shared server terminal of 1.B-drof FIG. 32 produced with the shared server terminal of 1.B-drof FIG. 40 is a diagram illustrating a display example on the client terminal 43-1 of FIG: 32; Anti-section and a section of the FIG. 41 is a diagram illustrating another display example on the shared server terminal d.18-1 of FIG. 32; FIG. 42 is block diagram flustrating an example of the constitution of a cyberspace system build via the related art 🔗 tions on the state of the state of the state of the second of the state of FIG. 43 A.is a diagram illustrating a display example in the cyberspace system built via the related ant LAN; do all FIG. 43 B is a diagram illustrating another display example in the cyberspace system built via the related cirt LAN; FIG. 43.C is a diagram illustrating still another display example in the cyberspace system built via thouselated art LAN; and serge a real source engine conserved which is delivery and the enemies and a time for Cassily Section which FIG. 44 is diagram illustrating principles of operations of expressing related art avatar walking behaviorable and avatar walking behaviorable at 25 อง หลัง (การกรรษ) อไทเมื่องตาม (การกระบาง การกระบาง โดย เมื่อ (มาการ ยาการกระบาง เกิดเล่าที่สำนัยของ มีการการก

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE SOURCE AND SOURCE OF THE BOARD OF THE BO

5

10

15

20

30

45

55

to where the exercise and the interest of the minimum dense for the interest of electromake which were being the co This invention will be described in further detail by way of example with reference to the accompanying drawings. The basic idea and concept of a virtual society is described by Hiroaki Kiteno, Sony Computer Science Laboratories, as follows in his home page "Kitano Virtual Society: (V1.0) (http://www.csl;sony.co.jp/person/kitano/VS/con---cept.j.html//1995)"ந்த தெருவிய நிருந்து அடிக்கு அருக்கு இருக்கு நிருந்து நிருந்து நிருந்து நிருந்து

In the beginning of the 21st century, a virtual society would emerge in a network spanning all the world. Reople in 68. every part of the world will make a society in which millions or hundred millions of people live in a shared space created an in the network. A society that will emerge beyond the current Internet, CATV, and the so-called information super higher s way is a virtual society, that I conceive. In the virtual society, people cannot only perform generally the same social activities as those in the real world-enjoy shopping, have a chateplay games, do work, and the like-buildisc perform things is a that are possible only in the virtual society (for example, moving from Tokyo to Paris in an instant) ¿ Such a "society" as would be implemented only by state-of-the-art technologies such as cyberspace constructing technologies that support a broadband network; high-quality-three-dimensional presentation-capability and bidirectional communications of voice, as music; and moving picture signals, and a large-scale distributed system that allows a lot of people to share the constructed space. Therefore who is the selection of the countries and many accessed the residue of the Alliands are required to the selection of the countries are required to the selection of the

For further details, look at the above mention home page (URL = http://www.csl.sony.co.jp/person/kitano/VS/conceptijihtmi). Alde en li lis kromos om alert ver en masor de vroges de values en tra en 180 en tres con meterm

The three-dimensional virtual reality space that implements the above-mentioned virtual society is a cyberspace of system. The actual examples of the infrastructures for constructing this cyberspace system includes, at this point of time, the Internet, which is a world-wide computer network connected by a communications protocol called TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol) and the intranet implemented by applying the internet technologies 🕾 such as the WWW (World Wide Web) to the in-house LAN (Local Area Network). Further, use of a broadband communication network based on FITH (Fiber To The Home) in the future is proposed in which the main line system and the The state of the second of the second subscriber:system are all constituted by fiber optics: (2) and the passage of the constituted by fiber optics:

Meanwhile, for an information providing system available on the Internet, the WWW developed by CERN (European Center for Nuclear Research) in Switzerland is known. This technology allows a user to browse information including text, image and voice for example in the hyper text form. Based on HTTP (Hyper Text Transfer Protocol), the information stored in a WWW server terminal is sent asynchronously to terminals such as personal computers.

The WWW server is constituted by server software called an HTTP demon and an HTML file in which hyper text information is stored. The hyper text information is described in a description language called HTML (Hyper Text Makeup Language). In the description of a hyper text by HTML, a logical structure of a document is expressed in a format specification called a tag enclosed by "<" and ">". Description of linking to other information is made based in link

information called an anchor. A method in which a location at which required information is stored by the anchor is URL (Uniform Resource Locator).

A protocol for transferring a file described in HTME on the TCP/IP network is HTTP. This protocol has a capability of transferring a request for information from a client to the WWW server and the requested hyperfext information stored in the HTML file to the elient by the server and the requested hyperfext information stored in the HTML file to the elient by the server and the requested hyperfext information stored in the HTML file to the elient by the server and the requested hyperfext information stored in the HTML file to the elient by the server and the requested hyperfext information and the r

3

: 177

5

10

20

30

35

40

45

50

Used by many as an environment for using the WWW is client software such as Netscape Navigator (trademark) called a WWW browser.

It should be noted that demon denotes a program for executing control and processing in the background when performing a job in the UNIX environment.

Recently, a language for describing three-dimensional graphics data, called VRML (Virtual Reality-Modeling Earl-guage) and a VRML viewer for drawing a virtual reality space described in this VRML on a personal computer or a work-station have been developed. VRML allows to extend the WWW, set hyperatext links to objects drawn by three-dimensional graphics, and followitiese links to sequentially access WWW server terminals. The specifications of VRML version 1.0 were made public in May 26, 1995. Then, in November 9, 1995, a revised version in which errors and ambiguous expressions are corrected twas made public if The dispecifications care relativable of from URL = http://www.oki.com.wrml/vrml10c.html.com

Storing three-dimensional information described in the above-mentioned VRML in a WWW server terminal allows the construction of a virtual space expressed in three-dimensional graphics on the Internet. Further, use of the VRML viewer by using personal computers and the like interconnected by the Internet can implement the display of a virtual space based on three-dimensional graphics and the walk-through capability.

In what follows, examples in which the Internet is used for a network will be described. It will be apparent to those skilled in the art that FTTH may be used instead of the Internet to implement the virtual space. The state of the internet to implement the virtual space.

It should be noted that Cyberspace is a coinage by William Gibson, a US science fiction writer, and was used in his "Neuromancer" (1984) that made him famous. Strictly speaking, however, the word Cyberspace first appeared in his "Burning Chrome" (1982). In these novels, there are scenes in which the hero attaches a special electrode on his forehead to connect himself to a computer to directly reflect on his brain a virtual three-dimensional space obtained by visually reconfiguring data on a computer network spanning all over the world. This virtual three-dimensional space was called Cyberspace. Recently, the term has come to be used as denoting a system in which a virtual three-dimensional space is used by a plurality of users via a network.

Now, referring to FIG. 1, there is shown an example of the constitution of a cyberspace system practiced as one preferred embodiment of the present invention. As shown, a given number (in this case, two) of server terminals 11-1 10 and 11-2 have storage devices 30-1 and 30-2 respectively and are adapted to provide a virtual reality space via a network 15 (a global communication network) represented by the Internet for example. In addition, a given number (in this case, three) of client terminals 13-1 through 13-3 are installed to receive the virtual reality space and specific services (information) using the same from the server terminals 11-1 and 11-2 via the network 15 and 15-2 via the netwo

Further, in the above-mentioned embodiment, argiven number (in this case, two) of service provider terminals:14-50.5 1 and 14-2 are installed to receive the virtual reality space from the server terminals:1150 and 14-2 via the network 15 and provide specific services to the client terminals:13-1 (through 13-3) virtual reality services to the client terminals:13-1 (through 13-3) virtual reality services.

FLIG. 2 shows an example of the constitution of the server terminal 11 (namely, 11-1 and 11-2). As shown the server terminal 11 has a CPU 21. The CPU 21 executes a variety processing operations as instructed by a program 12 stored in a ROM 22. A RAM 23 appropriately stores data and a program necessary for the CPU 21 to execute the variety of processing operations. A communication device 24 transfers specific data with the network 15 (the Internet) is followed.

Aidisplay device 25 has a CRT (Cathode Ray Tube) or an LCD (Liquid Crystal Display) for example and is connected to interface 28 to monitor images of the virtual reality space provided by the server terminal 11. The interface 28 to is also connected with a microphone 26 and a speaker 27 to supply a specific voice signal to the client terminal 13 and the service provider terminal 14 and monitor a voice signal coming from these terminals:

The server terminal 11 has an input device 29 on which a variety of input operations are performed via the interface 20. 28. This input device has at least a keyboard 29a and atmouse 29b. This input device has at least a keyboard 29a and atmouse 29b.

FIG. 3:shows an example of the constitution of the client terminal 43 (namely, 13:1 through 13-3). The client terminal 42 (namely, 13:1 through 13-3). The client terminal 43 (namely, 13:1 through 13:1 through 13-3). The client terminal 43 (namely, 13:1 through 13:1

-Adisplay device 45 has a CRT or an LCD to display three-dimensional images created by computer graphics (CG), and or taken by an ordinary-video camera. A microphone 46 is used to output a voice signal to the shared server terminal graph 11. A speaker 47-outputs the voice signal coming from the server terminal 14. An imput device 49 is operated to perform a variety of input operations 26 and 20 and

A keyboard 49a of the input device 49 is operated when entering specific characters and symbols. A mouse 49b is a constant operated, when entering specific positional information. A viewpoint input device 49c is operated when changing the last state of the avatar (object) as an update object of the client terminal 13. That is, the viewpoint input device 49c is used

to enter the viewpoint of the avatar of the client terminal 13, thereby moving the viewpoint of the avatar vertically, horizontally or in the depth direction and zooming a specific image. In addition, the movement input device 49d is used to move the avatar in the forward and backward direction or the right and left direction at a specific speed.

It is apparent that the operations done through the viewpoint and movement input devices may also be done through the above-mentioned keyboard 49a and the mouse 49b.

Interface 48 constitutes the data interface with a display device 45, a microphone 46, a speaker 47, and an input device 49. A storage device 50 composed of a hard disc, an optical disc, and magneto-optical disc stores data and programs.

FIG. 4 shows an example of the constitution of the service provider terminal 14 (namely, 14-1 and 14-2). The components including a CPU 51 through a storage device 60 are generally the same as the components including the CPU 41 through the storage device 50 of FIG. 3 and therefore the description of the CPU 51 through the storage device 60 is omitted.

10

25

40

50

FIG. 5 schematically shows the three-dimensional virtual reality space (hereinafter appropriately referred to simply as the virtual reality space) provided by the server terminal 11 of FIG. 1. As shown, this virtual reality space constitutes a town, in which avatar (update object) C (the avatar object of the client terminal 13-1 for example) and avatar (update object) D (the avatar object of the client terminal 13-2 for example) move around.

Avatar C sees an image as shown in FIG. 6 for example from the position and viewpoint in the virtual reality space. The Namely, an image as shown in FIG. 6 is provided to the display device 25 of the client terminal 13-1 from the server terminal 11 to be displayed. Then, when the viewpoint and position of avatar C are changed (updated) by operating a viewpoint input device 49c and a movement input device 49d (or the keyboard 49a and the mouse 49b), the three-dimensional image forming the virtual reality space supplied from the server terminal 11 is changed accordingly.

Likewise, an image as shown in FIG. 7 is displayed on the display device 45 of the client terminal 13-2 to which avatar D corresponds. This displayed image is also changed by moving the viewpoint and position of avatar D.

It should be noted that, in FIG. 5, avatar C is looking in the direction of avatar D, so that avatar D is displayed in the image (the virtual reality space) on the display device 45 of the client terminal 13-1 as shown in FIG. 6.

Likewise, in FIG. 5, avatar D is looking in the direction of avatar C, so that avatar C is displayed in the image (the virtual reality space) on the display device 45 of the client terminal 13-2 as shown in FIG. 11.

In what follows, operations necessary for moving (updating) a specific object (an update object of which state is subject to change) will be described. For simplicity, it is assumed, as shown in FIG. 8, that images of the virtual reality space seen from the viewpoints of the avatars of the client terminals; 13-1, through 13-3, are displayed on the same respectively. In this example, a conical object 101, a quadrangular prism object 102, and a cylindrical object 103 (an update object) are displayed. It is also assumed that the client terminal 13-1 operates the conical object 101, the client terminal 13-2 operates the quadrangular prism object 102, and the client terminal 13-3 operates the cylindrical object 103 by means of the movement input device 49d (or the mouse 49b) to move the objects of the client of which state is subject to change of the virtual reality of the client terminal 13-3 operates the cylindrical object 103 by means of the movement input device 49d (or the mouse 49b) to move the objects of the client object 103 by means of the movement input device 49d (or the mouse 49b) to move the objects of the client object 103 by means of the movement input device 49d (or the mouse 49b) to move the objects of the client object 104 by making the client object 105 by means of the movement input device 49d (or the mouse 49b) to move the objects of the client object 105 by means of the client object 105 by mea

In the above-mentioned case, in the client terminals 13-1 through 13-3, a message table (namely, a change sequence table) as shown in FIG. 9 A is stored in the ROM 42 or the RAM 43. In the embodiment of FIG. 9 A, a movement message is registered as message number 1. This movement message specifies an object ID for identifying an object to be moved, a direction of the movement of the object, a velocity at which the object is moved, and a period in which the object is kept moved as specification items (parameters):

A stop message numbered.2 is for stopping a moving object, specifying an object ID for identifying an object to be 6% stopped. The armonic in the second of the stopped in the second of the second of

An avatar movement message numbered 3 is for moving an avatar, specifying an object ID for identifying an avatar at to be moved, a direction of the movement of the avatar, and distance of the movement of the avatar. One avatar object is composed a total of five sub objects; a body including a head, a right arm, a left arm, right leg, and left leg. To change the positions of the arm and leg sub objects of an avatar as the same moves about (namely, to move the avatar while making the right and left arms swing and the right and left legs alternate), the number of fluctuations (around the joint) with the body) of the arms and legs per unit time is also specified as a parameter.

A complex operation start message numbered 4 specifies an object ID for identifying an object that performs a scale complex operation. A complex operation stop message numbered 5 specifies an object ID for identifying an object of which complex operation is stopped.

A message numbered 6 specifies a parade start. This parade start message is implemented in a three-dimensional virtual space of CIRCUS PARK to be described later. For example, this message starts a parade in which clowns, sear dogs, a bear riding on bicycle and the like go in a procession as shown in FIG. 9 B. In this case, the object of the entire parade is composed of sub objects such as the clowns, sear dogs, the bear riding on bicycle and the like. And the sub object of a clown for example is further composed of a total of five sub objects; a body including a head, a right arm, a left arm, a right leg, and a left leg. To make this clown walk as it proceeds while swinging its arms and legs forward and back, in addition to at least a direction in which the entire clown moves, a velocity at which the entire clown moves, and a period in which the entire clown continues moving, update information is required including the number of fluctuations per unit time of the sub objects of right-arm, left arm, right leg, and left leg around the joint to the body. In this case, the

fluctuation angles of the objects of right arm, left arm, right leg, and left leg are preset in certain ranges.

10

15

25

35

50

Therefore, in addition to a direction in which the entire parade processes, a velocity at which the entire parade processes, and the period in which the entire parade continues processing, the message numbered 6 specifies a heading sub object ID1, a clown for example, a second sub object ID2, a sea dog, a last sub object IDn, the bear riding on bicy cle, the number of fluctuation times per unit time around the above-mentioned joint of hand sub objects (right and left) of each larger sub object; and the number of fluctuation times per unit time around the above-mentioned joint of leg sub objects (right and left) of each larger sub object. In this case, it will be apparent that the different numbers of fluctuation times may be set to the hand and leg sub objects of different larger sub objects of clowns, sea dogs, and the bear, thereby expressing complex proceeding behaviors as the parade in its entirety.

For a simple example, it is assumed that in the client terminal 13-1; the conical object 101 (an update object) is moved from the position of dotted line to the position of solid line. When the movement input device 49d or the mouse 49b of the client terminal 13-1 is operated to instruct the CPU 41 to move the conical object, the CPU 41 generates the movement message of number 1. Namely, the object 10 of the conical object 101 is set as the 1D of the object to be moved. In addition, specific values are set for the direction, velocity, and period of movement according to the inputs (the operation of the input devices).

For example, as will be described, if the setting is made such that, when the mouse 49b is moved up with the left button kept pressed, the object moves forward at a velocity corresponding to the distance of the movement of the mouse 49b, the direction (in this case, upward), the velocity (in this case, the distance of the movement of the mouse 49b), and the period (in which the mouse has been operated) are detected by the CPU 41 to be set in memory.

Then, the CPU 41 executes the message that was created by itself. Namely, image data are generated such that the conical object 101 moves to the position from the position of dotted line to the position of solid line as shown in FIG.

10, which is outputted to the display device 45 to be displayed.

Further, the CPU 41 of the client terminal 13-1 controls the communication device 44 to transmit the generated movement message to the server terminal 11-1 via the network 15. Receiving the movement message via the communication device 24, the CPU 21 of the server terminal 11-1 outputs the received movement message to the client terminal 13-2 and 13-3 from the communication device 24 simultaneously.

Receiving the movement message via the communication device 44, the CPU 41 of the client terminal 13-2 executes the processing specified in the received movement message. To be more specific, from this movement message, the CPU 41 identifies the conical object 101 as the object to be moved, reads, from this movement message, the movement direction, velocity and period in the virtual reality space, generates data of an image for moving the conical object 101 in the virtual reality space, and/displays the generated image data on he display device 45. The similar processing is performed on the client terminal 13-3. Consequently, the conical object 101 appears moving on the display devices 45 of the client terminals 13-2 and 13-3 in synchronisation as shown in FIGS: 11 and 12:

Ž.,

1

Namely, in the above-mentioned case, the image for moving the conical object 101 is locally generated on each of the client terminals 13-1 through 13-3 to be displayed, rather than that the server 11-1 generates the image for moving the conical object 101 to supply the same to the client terminals 13-1 through 13-3. Consequently, the volume of communication between the client terminals 13-1 through 13-3 and the server terminal 11-1 can be minimized.

and 13-3 is delayed slightly behind the display on the client terminals 13-1. However, the client terminals 13-1 transmits the message immediately after generating the same, the display on all client terminals is driven generally in synchronization in practice. The server terminal 11 transmits the message to the client terminals 13-2 and 13-3 generally at the client terminals 13-2 and 13-3 generally at the client terminals 13-2 and 13-3 is driven generally in synchronization.

EIG. 13 shows the processing to be performed when the client terminals 13-1 through 13-1 receive the message 1.5 of the more specific, in the first step S1, the object to be moved is read from the object ID of the movement message of number 1 and the object thus read is set. Then, in steps S2 and S3, the direction and velocity specified by the parameters of the movement message are read and set. Then, in step S4, the image data are generated which move the pobject set in step S1 in the direction set in step 2 at the velocity set in step S3. The generated image data are outputted to the display device 45 to be displayed.

Then, in step S5, it is determined whether the period specified in the movement message has passed or not. If the period has not passed, then, back in step S4, the processing for moving the object is continued. Thus, the movement (update) of the object is continued until the period specified in the movement message passes.

If the period specified in the movement message has been found passed in step S5, then, in step S6, it is determined whether another message has been entered or not. If there is any other message, then, in step S7, the object which moving so fartis stopped. If another message has been found in step S6, then, in step S8, the processing of the new message is performed. This allows to move the conical object 10 there example during a specific period, followed by the execution of next processing:

If a movement message is entered again as a next message, the object is moved for a further specific period. In what follows, the movement of an avatar in a more complex manner will be described. As shown in FIG. 14/it is

assumed that the virtual reality space in which the conical object 101, the quadrangular prism object 102, and the cylindrical object 102 exist contains avatars C through E corresponding to the client terminals 13-1 through 13-3 respectively.

Now, it is assumed that, in the client terminal 13-3, an operation is made on the mouse 49b to move the avatar E in the direction indicated by the arrow in FIG. 14. At this moment, in response to this operation, the CPU 41 of the client terminal 13-3 generates an avatar movement message of number 3 shown in FIG. 9. Namely, as an avatar (an update object) to be moved, the object ID for the avatar E is set. Also, the direction in which the avatar is moved and the distance of the movement are set corresponding to the inputs from the input device 49. Further, for the specifications of the arms (sub objects) and legs (sub objects) of the avatar E, the number of fluctuation times per unit time is set as required. Unless especially specified, a default is set for the number of fluctuation times.

The above-mentioned avatar movement message is executed on the client terminal 13-3 and, at the same time, transmitted to the client terminals 13-1 and 13-2 via the server terminal 11-1 at the same time to be executed as shown in the flowchart of FIG. 15

To be more specific, the client terminals 13-1 through 13-3 start a program shown in FIG. 15 at the same time. In step S21, the object ID is read from the avatar movement message and the object ID thus read is set. In step S22, the movement direction is set.

Further, in step S23 (an update sequence), the image data in the case in which the object set in step S21 is moved in the direction set in step S22 are generated. The generated image data are outputted to the display device 45 to be displayed.

Thus, the avatar E moves on the display devices of the client terminals 13-1 through 13-3 in synchronization. In addition, in steps S24 and S25, the movement processing operations of the arms and legs, independent objects, are performed.

20

30

35

45

Details of the processing of arm fluctuating movement (an update sequence) are shown in the flowchart of FIG. 16. First, in step S41, the number of times the arm fluctuates is read from the specifications of the avatar movement message and the number thus read is set. Then, in step S42, the image for fluctuating the arms of the object (in this case, the arms of the avatar E) by the number of times set in step S41 is generated. The generated image is outputted to the display device 45 to be displayed.

Thus, when the avatar E is moved in step S23 of FIG. 15, the image in which the arms of the avatar E (in this case, a part of the plurality of objects constituting the avatar E) fluctuate back and forth is displayed.

Details of the processing of leg fluctuating movement (an update sequence) are shown in the flowchart of FIG. 17. In step S51, the number of times the leg fluctuates is read from the specifications of the avatar movement message and the number thus read is set. Then, in step S52, the CPU 41 generates the image data for fluctuating the legs of the object (the avatar E) by the number of times set in step S51. The generated image data are outputted to the display device 45 to be displayed.

Thus, when the avatar E is moved in step S23 of FIG. 15, the image in which the hands are fluctuated back and forth in step S24 and the legs are fluctuated alternately in step S25 is displayed.

By setting the number of fluctuation times per unit time of the arms and legs to specific values, different avatars can be made to move their arms and legs differently from those of other avatars. For example, if a tall avatar and a short avatar are walking at a same velocity, setting the number of fluctuation times of the legs of the tall avatar to a smaller value than that of the short avatar can make the walking behavior more natural.

For the number of fluctuation times of arms and legs, defaults (an update sequence) are prepared. Therefore, if no command for the number of fluctuation times of arms and legs has been entered from the input device 49 of the dient terminal 13, or a command (an update sequence) for simply moving a specific avatar in a specific direction has been entered; the avatar is displayed with its arms and legs moving in a generally natural manner.

Then, in step S26 of FIG. 15 from step S25, it is determined whether the moving (walking) avatar has moved by the distance set according to the specification in the avatar movement message. If the avatar is found not having walked the specified distance, then, back in step S23, the processing is repeated; namely, the avatar is made continue walking.

In step S26, if the avatar is found having walked the specified distance, then, in step S27, it is determined whether a next message has entered or not. If no new message is found, then, in step S28, the processing to stop the moving avatar is performed. This processing can be performed by generating the stop message numbered 2 of FIG. 9 for example to execute the same, stopping the avatar. However, a setup can also be made such that the walking avatar can be automatically stopped if there is no new message when the same has walked the specified distance (or the specified period).

In step S27, if the new message is found, then, in step S29, the processing specified in the new message is performed. For example, if the new message is the stop message numbered 2, the stop processing is performed in step S29, thereby stopping the walking avatar.

Thus, the avatar can be moved with ease with a relatively small amount of communication and in a generally natural manner.

It should be noted that the server terminal 1.1-1 controls the clock of the three-dimensional virtual reality space and,

when a predefermined time comes, transmits a parade start message numbered 6 to each of the client terminals 13-1 through 13-3. This also allows the abovementioned parade of the message numbered 6 to be implemented only by using message communication volume in the same processing shown in FIGS. 15 through 17.

Based on the above-mentioned principles of operations, more complex behaviors can also be implemented with relatively small amount of communication.

For example, as shown in FIG. 18, it is assumed that a sidewalk 112 is provided along a road 111 with a billboard 113 installed in the proximity of the sidewalk 112 in a virtual reality space. The billboard 113 is set up such that the same displays a predetermined advertisement when an avatar (avatar F in FIG. 18) comes within a predetermined range.

In this case, the server terminal 11-1 receives the positional data of the avatars from the client terminals 13-1 through 13-3 respectively to calculate the distance between each avatar and the billboard 113. When the distance is found smaller than a predetermined level, the server terminal 11-1 generates the complex movement start message numbered 4 and outputs the generated message to the client terminals 13-1 through 13-3. Upon receiving this complex movement start message, the CPU 41 of each of the client terminals 13-1 through 13-3 executes the processing (and update sequence) indicated in the flowchart of FIG. 19.

To be more specific, trist in step S61, the billboard 113 of FIG. 18 is turned on. Then, in step S62, predetermined characters and graphics for example are displayed on the billboard 113 according to a predetermined sequence. Then, in step S63, it is determined whether the complex movement stop message numbered 5 has been entered or not. If the complex movement stop message has not been found, then, back in step S62, the display on the billboard 113 is continued.

15

20

25

30

35

The server terminal 11-1 always monitors the distance between avatar F in the proximity of the billboard 113 and the billboard 113. When this distance becomes greater than the preset level, the server terminal 11-1 generates the complex movement stop message numbered 5 to output the same to the client terminals 13-1 through 13-3.

In step S63 of FIG. 19, upon reception of this message, the CPU 41 of the client terminal 13 goes to step S64 to turn off the billboard 113. Namely, the complex movement performed on the billboard 113 is stopped?

Thus, even for complex movements (update sequences), simply registering the same in the client terminals 13-1 through 13-3 to display complex movement images simply by outputting a message for indicating their start to the client terminals 13-1 through 13-3.

In the above-mentioned embodiment, the two server terminals and the three client terminals are connected via the network. It will be apparent to those skilled in the art that the number of terminals and networks is not limited to these values.

It should be noted that displaying avatars C through F in addition to the above-mentioned conical object 101, the quadrangular prism object 102, and the cylindrical object 103 also requires objects that provide a background. The basic states of the background objects are not subject to change, so that these objects are referred to as basic objects as contrasted with the update objects of which states are subject to change. A background image formed by basic objects is supplied from the server terminal 11 to the client terminal 13 via the Internet. Therefore, the update objects are displayed superimposed on the background image (basic objects).

Meanwhile, in the above-mentioned related art Habitat, an animation in which an avatar moves while fluctuating its arms and legs on a two-dimensional background is displayed when the cursor is moved to a target position to which an avatar is to be moved, the mouse button is kept pressed on that position to display a mouse command (a pop-up menu); and "GO" command in the pop-up menu is dicked. However, this is the display in which the avatar created by two-dimensional graphics is superimposed on the background image created by two-dimensional graphics, namely the display based on the animation created by a series of celluloid pictures in which bit map data representing different directions of the arms and legs are alternately read out as the avatar moves along.

Namely, in Habitat, a two-dimensional virtual reality space can be viewed only from a position viewing over the entire space including one's own avatar from the viewpoint of a third person. Therefore, it is impossible for Habitat to change viewpoints or represent a depth.

On the contrary, in the above-mentioned embodiment of the present invention, the update sequences of the avatar's arms and legs (each sub object) may be defined in advance such that the update sequences interlock with each other. This allows the avatar to perform a variety of behaviors which are minutely different from each other according to the attributes of the avatar simply by giving a message "walk" for example to the avatar (for example, a male avatar is made walk with a big stride while a female avatar with a small feminine stride).

"It should be noted that the data of each object are defined as a VRML file or an E-VRML file, details of which will be described later.

In the above-mentioned embodiment of the present invention, each client terminal 13 moves its object. It is also possible to display on each client terminal the image of a virtual reality space seen from the viewpoint of each corresponding avatar. When the viewpoint is moved on each client terminal, the background image changes corresponding to the viewpoint. If an avatar of another client terminal is found within the view field range seen from that viewpoint, that avatar is displayed. Therefore, the avatar display state is a result of the composition of a movement command from that client terminal to that avatar. This makes control of the display more complex.

FIG. 20 shows a more concrete example of the constitution of a cyberspace system [_____d__n,the_internet_In;this cyberspace system [______d__n,the_internet_In;this cyberspace system [______d__n,the_internet_In;this cyberspace system [______]] and it is constituted by the cyberspace system [_______]] and it is cyberspace system [_______]] and it is cyberspace system [_______]].

A host A constitutes a system of the WWW (World Wide Web), for example, Namely, the host A has information (or a file) to be described later. And, each piece of information (or each file) is related with a URL (Unform Resource Locality) for uniformly specify that information. Specifying a URL allows access to the information corresponding to its second

To be more specific, the host A stores three dimensional image data for providing three-dimensional virtual reality spaces (hereinafter appropriately referred to simply as virtual reality spaces) such as virtual streets in Tokyo, New York, and other locations for example. It should be noted that these three-dimensional image data do not change in their basic state; that is, these data include static data consisting of only basic objects such as a building and a road to be shared by a plurality of users. If the basic state changes at only reflects an autonomous change in the state of a merry-go-round or a neon. The static data are considered to be data that are not subject to update. The host A has an information server terminal 11A (a basic server terminal). The information server terminal 11A is adapted, when the same receives a URL via the network 15, to provide the information corresponding to the received URL, namely a corresponding virtual reality space (in this case, a space consisting of only basic objects).

It should be noted that, in FIG. 20, there is only one host, namely the host A, which has an information server termost minal for providing the virtual reality space (consisting of only basic objects) of a specific area. It is apparent that such a host may be installed in plural: a long to one of the second o

20

A hoot B has a shared server terminal 11B. The shared server terminal 11B controls update objects that constitute gradient a virtual reality space when put in it: The update objects are avatars for example representing users of the client terminal nals. Thus, the shared server terminal 11B allows a plurality of users to share the same virtual reality space. It should be noted showever, that the host B controls only the update objects located in a virtual reality space for only a specific area. (for example, Tokyo) of the virtual reality spaces controlled by the host A. That is, the host B is dedicated to the virtual reality space of a specific area. Also, it should be noted that the network 15 is connected with, in addition to the host B, a host, not shown, having a shared server terminal for controlling update objects located in virtual reality spaces of other areas such as New York and London; stored in the host A. That is, the host B is dedicated to the lost B, a host, not shown, having a shared server terminal for controlling update objects located in virtual reality spaces of other areas such as New York and London; stored in the host A. That is, the host B is dedicated to the lost B. That is, the host B is dedicated to the lost B. That is, the host B is dedicated to the lost B. That is, the host B is dedicated to the lost B. That is, the host B is dedicated to the lost B. That is, the host B is dedicated to the lost B. That is, the host B is dedicated to the lost B. That is, the host B is dedicated to the lost B. That is, the host B is dedicated to the lost B. That is, the host B is dedicated to the lost B. That is, the host B is dedicated to the lost B is dedicated to the lost B is dedicated.

A host C, like the host A, constitutes a WWW system for example and stores data including IP (Internet Protocol) and addresses for addressing hosts (shared server terminals) that control update objects like the host B. Therefore, the asshared server terminal addresses stored in the host G are uniformly related with URLs as with the case of the host Assamentioned above. In addition, the host C has a mapping server terminal 12 (a control server terminal). Receiving a G URL via the network 15, the mapping server terminal 2 provides the IP address of the shared server terminal corresponding to the received URL via the network 15.4lt should be noted that EIG. 20 shows only one host, namely the host of C, which has the mapping server terminal 12 for providing shared server terminal addresses. It will be apparent that the class of the shared server terminal 12 for providing shared server terminal addresses. It will be apparent that the class of the shared server terminal addresses. It will be apparent that the class of the shared server terminal addresses. It will be apparent that the class of the shared server terminal addresses. It will be apparent that the class of the shared server terminal addresses.

The client terminal 13 (13-1):13-2 or 13-3) receives a virtual reality space from the information server terminal 14Arms via the network 15 to share the received virtual reality space with other client terminals (including the service provider a terminal 14), under the control of the shared server terminals 13 is also adapted to a receive specific services (information) using the virtual reality space from the service provider terminal 145 is also adapted to a receive specific services (information) using the virtual reality space from the service provider terminal 145 is also adapted to a receive specific services (information) using the virtual reality space from the service provider terminal 145 is also adapted to a receive specific services (information) using the virtual reality space from the service provider terminal 145 is also adapted to a receive specific services (information) using the virtual reality space from the service provider terminal 145 is also adapted to a receive specific services (information) using the virtual reality space from the service provider terminal 145 is also adapted to a receive specific services (information) using the virtual reality space from the service provider terminal 145 is also adapted to a receive specific service.

The service provider terminal 14, like the client terminal 13, receives a virtual reality space to share the same with 3 the client terminal 13 (if there is another service provider terminal it also shares this space). Therefore, as far as the capability of this portion is concerned; the service provider terminal 14 is the same as the client terminal 13. List are said.

Further, the service provider terminal 14 is adapted to provide specific services to the client terminal 13. It should be noted that FIG: 20 shows only one service provider terminal 14a It will be apparent that the service provider terminal may be installed in plural region 2.2. Company of the service provider terminal 14a It will be apparent that the service provider terminal may be installed in plural region 2.2. Company of the service provider terminal 14a It will be apparent that the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent that the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent that the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent that the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent that the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent that the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent that the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent that the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent that the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent that the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent that the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent to the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent that the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent to the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent to the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent to the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent to the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent to the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent to the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent to the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent to the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent to the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent to the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent to the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent to the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent to the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent to the service provider terminal 14b It will be apparent

The following briefly describes a WWW system constituted by the host A and the host C. Referring to FIG. 21, the WWW is one of the systems for providing information from hosts X, Y, and Z to unspecified users (client terminals) via the network 15 (the Internet in the case of the WWW). The information that can be provided in this system include not only texts but also graphics, images (including still images and moving pictures), voices, three-dimensional images; and hyper texts which combines all these information.

In the WWW, a URL, or a form for uniformly represent these pieces of information is determined. Specifying a specific URL, each user can obtain the information corresponding to the specified URL. As shown in FIG. 22, each URL is composed of a protocol type for representing a service type (http: in the preferred embodiment of FIG. 22, which is equivalent to a command for retrieving a file corresponding to a file name to be described later and send the retrieved file), a host name indicating a destination of the URL (in the embodiment of FIG. 22, www.csl.sony.co.jp), and a file name of data to be sent (in the embodiment of FIG. 22, index.html) for example.

Each user operates the client terminal to enter a URL for desired information. When the URL is entered, the client terminal references a host name, for example, contained in the URL: A link with a host (in the embodiment of FIG. 21).

the host X for example connected to the Internet) addressed by the host name is established. Then, at the client terminal nal, the URL is sent to the linked host namely the host X, via the Internet, requesting the host X for sending the information specified in the URL in the host X pan HTTP demon (httpd) is operating on the information server terminal (the WWW server terminal). Receiving the URL the information server terminal sends back the information specified in the way URL to the client terminal via the Internet.

The client terminal receives the information from the information server terminal to display the received information on its monitor as required. Thus, the user can get the desired information.

Therefore, only storing in the host such data for describing elements (objects) for constituting a virtual reality space as stapes of basic objects (for example, a rectangular prism and a corre) and locations and attributes (color and texture for example) of these basic objects allows to provide the virtual reality space (consisting of only basic objects in this case) to unspecified users. Namely, as long as the Internet is used for the network 15 and the WWW is used, virtual reality spaces can be provided to users world wide with ease and at a low cost because the Internet itself already spans almost all over the world and the description of the elements constituting each virtual reality space to be stored in hosts does not require to make changes to information servers (WWW server terminals) constituting the WWW. It should be noted that the service for providing the description of the elements constituting a virtual reality space is upward compatible with existing services provided by the WWW.

Storing in a specific host (a mapping server terminal) the IP addresses of other hosts as information also allows to be provide the host IP addresses to unspecified users world-wide with ease was the provide the host IP addresses to unspecified users world-wide with ease was the provide the host IP addresses.

It should be noted that it is difficult for a plurality of users to share the same virtual reality space if only the description (the data of three-dimensional image for providing the virtual reality space of a specific area) of elements constitutiing the virtual reality space is stored in a host constituting the WWW. Namely, in the WWW, the information
corresponding to a URL is only provided to a user and therefore no control for information transfer is performed. Hence,
it is difficult to transfer between users the above-mentioned change information of update objects by using the WWW
without changing its design. Therefore, in the cyberspace system of FIG. 20, the host B having the shared server terminal 1B and the host C having the mapping server 12 are installed to allow a plurality of users to share the same virtual trality space, details of which will be described later.

FIG. 23 shows an example of the constitution of the mapping server terminal 12 operating on the host C of FIG. 20 seed Components CPU 91 through communication device 94 are generally the same in constitution as those of FIG. 2, so that the description of the components of FIG. 23 is omitted in general. A storage device 95 stores addresses, along with UREs; for identifying shared server terminals that control update objects (in the embodiment of FIG. 20, only the shared server terminal 11B is shown; actually other shared server terminals, not shown; are connected to the network 15) a granified 3 that the shared server terminals are a connected to the network 15).

The following describes the operations of the client terminal 13 (or the service provider terminal 14); the information server terminal 11A, the mapping server terminal 112, and the shared server terminal 11B with reference to the flow-charts of FIGS 24 through 27.26. The first server up to the flow of th

35

40

50

Now, referring to FIG. 24, there is shown an example of processing by the client terminal 13 (on the service provider an terminal 14). In step S71, the CRU 44 checks whether a virtual reality space URL has been entered or not. If no virtual reality space URL has been found at reality space URL has been found at in step S71, namely, if a virtual reality space URL has been found at in step S71, namely, if a virtual reality space URL corresponding to a desired virtual reality space entered by the user by operating the keyboard 49a has been received by the CRU 41 via interface 48, the process goes to step S72. In step 500 S72, a WWW system is constituted as described with reference to EIG. 21 and the virtual reality space URL is transmitted from the communication device 44 via the network 15 to the information server terminal of a specific host (in this actions, the information server terminal 114 Arof the host Anforce ample) that has the information server terminal, thereby queestablishing a link of the 13 and 14 Arof the host Anforce ample) that has the information server terminal, thereby queestablishing a link of the 14 and 14 Arof the host Anforce ample) that has the information server terminal.

Further, in step S21, an address acquisition: URL related to the virtual reality space URL is read from the storage of device 50 to be transmitted from the communication device 44 via the network 15 to the mapping server terminal of a specific host (in this case, mapping server terminal 12 of the host C for example) that constitutes the WWW system, thereby establishing a link was to be a constituted by A Server to be server to be server to be server to be server.

in the process goes to step S78. In step S73, data (three-dimensional image data) of the virtual reality space or the IP:address of the shared server terminal 1/1B corresponding to the virtual reality space URL received in step S72, or the address acquisition URL is received by the communication device 44.

Namely, in step:S72, the virtual reality space URL is transmitted to the information server terminal 11A. When this virtual reality space URL is received by the information server terminal 11A, the data of the corresponding virtual reality space are transmitted to the client terminal 13 via the network 15 in step S92 of EIG. 25 to be described. Thus, in step S73, the data of the virtual reality space transmitted from the information server terminal 11A are received. It should be noted that the received virtual reality space data are transferred to the RAM 43 to be stored there (or first stored in the storage device 50 to be transferred to the RAM 43 in the latter than the received to the RAM 43 in the latter transferred to the RAM 43 in the latter transfer

Also, in step S72, the address acquisition URL is transmitted to the mapping server terminal 12. When the address acquisition URL is received by the mapping server terminal 12, the JP address of the shared server terminal corre-

sponding to the URL is transmitted to the client terminal 13 via the network 15 in step \$102 of EIG 26 to be described.

Thus, in step \$73, the IP address of the shared server terminal 11B transmitted from the mapping server 12 is received.

As described above, the address acquisition URL related to the entered virtual reality space URL corresponds to the IP address of the snared server terminal that controls the update object placed in the virtual reality space corresponding to that virtual reality space URL. Therefore, for example, if the entered virtual reality space URL corresponds to a virtual reality space of Tokyo and the shared server terminal 11B owned by the host B controls the update objects placed in the Tokyo virtual reality space, the IP address of the shared server terminal 11B is received in step S73. Consequently, the user can automatically get the location (the IP address) of the shared server terminal that controls the virtual reality space of a desired area even if the user does not know which shared server terminal controls the update objects in a virtual reality space in which area.

It should be noted that, in steps S72 and S73, the processing of transmitting the virtual reality space URL and the address acquisition URL and receiving the virtual reality space data and the IP address is actually recrommed by transmitting the virtual reality space URL, receiving the data of the corresponding virtual reality space, transmitting the address acquisition URL, and then receiving the corresponding IP address in this order by way of example.

When the virtual reality space data and the shared server terminal IP address are received in step S73, the process goes to step S74. In step S74, a connection request is transmitted from the communication device 44 via the network 15 to the shared server terminal (in this case, the shared server terminal 11B for example) corresponding to the IP address (the shared server terminal IP address) received in step S73. This establishes a link between the client terminal 13 and the shared server terminal 11B. Further, in step S73, after the establishment of the link, the avater (namely, the update object) representing oneself stored in the storage device 50 is transmitted from the communication device 44 to the shared server terminal 11B.

15

30

40

When the shared server terminal 1.1B receives the user's avatar, the same is then transmitted to the client terminals of other users existing in the same virtual reality space (in this case, that of Tokyo as mentioned above). Then, on the client terminals of other users, the transmitted avatar is placed in the virtual reality space, thus implementing the sharing of the same virtual reality space among a plurality of users.

It should be noted that, rather than providing the user's avatar from the client terminal 11B to the shared sorver terminal 11B, a predetermined avatar may also be allocated from the shared server terminal 11B to each user who accessed the same. Also, in the client terminal 13, the avatar of the user himself who uses this terminal can be placed and displayed in the virtual reality space as shown in FIGS. 36 and 37; in the real world, however, the user cannot see himself, so that it is desirable for the user's avatar not be displayed on that user's client terminal in order to make the virtual reality space as real as possible.

When the processing of step S74 has been completed, the process goes to step S75. In step S75, the data of the virtual reality space that can be seen when the same is seen from specific viewpoint and position are read from the RAM 43 by the CPU 41 to be supplied to the display device 45. Thus, the specific virtual reality space is shown on the display device 45.

Then, in step S76, the communication device 44 determines whether update information of another user's avatars or has been sent from the shared server terminal 11B.

As described above, the user can update the position or viewpoint of his own avatar by operating the viewpoint input device 49c, the movement input device 49d or mouse 49b. If the update of the position or viewpoint of the avatar viewpoint is instructed by using this capability, the CPU 41 receives the instruction via the interface 48. According to the instruction, the CPU 41 performs processing for outputting positional data or viewpoint data corresponding to the updated position or viewpoint as update information to the shared server terminal 11B. In other words, the CPU 41 controls the communication device 44 to transmit the update information to the shared server terminal 41B.

Receiving the update information from the client terminal, the shared server terminal 11B outputs the update information to other client terminals in step S114 of FIG. 27 to be described. It should be noted the shared server terminal 11B is adapted to transmit the avatar received from the client terminal that requested for access to client terminals of other users, this avatar being transmitted also as update information.

When the update information has come as mentioned above, it is determined in step S76 that update information of the avatar of another user has come from the shared server terminal 11B. In this case, this update information is preceived by the communication device 44 to be outputted to the CPU 41. The CPU 41 updates the display on the display of device 45 according to the update information in step S77. That is, if the CPU 41 receives the positional data or view-point data from another client terminal as update information, the CPU 41 moves or changes (for example, the orientation of the avatar) the avatar of that user according to the received positional data or viewpoint data. In addition, if the CPU 41 receives the avatar from another client terminal, the CPU 41 places the received avatar in the currently displayed virtual reality space at a specific position. It should be noted that, when the shared server terminal 11B transmits an avatar as update information, the shared server terminal also transmits the positional data and viewpoint data of the avatar along with the update information. The avatar is displayed on the display device 45 according to these positional data and viewpoint data.

When the above-mentioned processing has come to an end, the process goes to step \$78,55, as to all the book as to an end, the process goes to step \$78,55 as to all the book as the book as to all the book as the book as to all the book as to all the book as the book a

Meanwhile, if, in step S76, no update information of the avatar of another user has come from the shared server terminal 11B, the process goes to step S78, skipping step S77. In step S78, the CPU 41 determines whether the position or viewpoint of the avatar of the user of the client terminal 13 has been updated or not by operating the viewpoint input device 49c or the movement input device 49d.

In step S78, if the CPU 41 determines that the avatar position or viewpoint has been updated, namely, if the viewpoint input device 49c or the movement input device 49d has been operated by the user, the process goes to step S79. In step S79, the CPU 41 reads data of the virtual reality space corresponding to the position and viewpoint of the avatar of the user based on the entered positional data and viewpoint data, makes calculations for correction as required; and generates the image data corresponding to the correct position and viewpoint. Then, the CPU 41 outputs the generated image data to the display device 45. Thus, the image (virtual reality space) corresponding to the viewpoint and position entered from the

Further in Step S80 the CPU 41 controls the communication device 44 to transmit the viewpoint data or the positional data entered from the viewpoint input device 49c or the movement input device 49d to the shared server terminal 11, upon which process goes to step S81.

Here, as described above, the update information coming from the client terminal 13 is received by the shared server terminal 13 B to be outputted to other client terminals. Thus, the avatar of the user of the client terminal 13 is displayed on the other client terminals.

15

40

On the other hand, in step S78, if CPU 41 determines that the avatar's position or viewpoint has not been updated, the process goes to step S81 by skipping steps S79 and S80. In step S81, the CPU 41 determines whether the end of the update data input operation has been instructed by operating a predetermined key on the keyboard; if the end has not been instructed, the process goes back to step S76 to repeat the processing.

Referring to the flowchart of FIG. 25, there is shown an example of the processing by the information server terminal 11A; the communication device 24 determines in step S91, whether a virtual reality space URL has come from the client terminal 13 via the network 15. If, in step S91, the communication device 24 determines that no virtual reality space URL has come, the process goes back to step S91. If the virtual reality space URL has come, the same is received by the communication device 24; upon which the process goes to step S92. In Step S92, the data of the virtual reality space related to the virtual reality space URL received by the communication device 24 are read by the CPU 21 to be transmitted via the network 15 to the client terminal 13 that transmitted the virtual reality space URL. Then, the process goes back to step S91 to repeat the above-mentioned processing.

FIG. 26 shows an example of the processing by the mapping server terminal 12. In the mapping server terminal 12, the communication device 24 determines in step S101, whether an address acquisition URL has come from the client terminal 13 via the network 15. If no address acquisition URL has come, the process goes back to step S101. If the address acquisition URL has come, the same is received by the communication device 24, upon which the process goes to step S102. In step S102, the IP address (the IP address of the shared server terminal) related to the address acquisition URL received by the communication device 24 is read from the storage device 30 by the CPU 21 to be transmitted via the network 15 to the client terminal 13 that transmitted the address acquisition URL. Then, the process goes back to step S101 to repeat the above-mentioned processing.

FIG. 27 shows an example of the processing by the shared server terminal 118. In the shared server terminal 118, the communication device 24 determines, in step S111, whether a connection request has come from the client terminal 13 via the network 15. If no connection request has come in step S111, the process goes to step S113 by skipping step S112. If the connection request has come in step S111, that is, if the client terminal 13 has the connection request to the shared server terminal 118 in step S74 of FIG. 24; the communication link with the client terminal 13 is established by the communication device 24 upon which the process goes to step S112.

In step S112; a connection control table stored in the RAM 23 is updated by the CPU 21. Namely, it is necessary for the shared server terminal 11B to recognize the client terminal 13 with which the shared server terminal 11B is linked, in order to transmit update information coming from the client terminal 13 to other client terminals. To do so, when the communication link with client terminals has been established, the shared server terminal 11B registers the information for identifying the linked client terminals in the connection control table. That is, the connection control table provides a list of the client terminals currently linked to the shared server terminal 11B. The information for identifying the client terminals include the source IP address transmitted from each client terminal as the header of TCP/IP packet and a nickname of the avatar set by the user of each client terminal.

Then, the process goes to step S113, in which the communication device 24 determines whether the update information has come from the client terminal 13. If in step S113, no update information has been found, the process goes to step S115 by skipping step S114. If the update information has been found in step S113, namely, if the client terminal 13 has transmitted, in step S80 of FIG: 24; positional data and viewpoint data as the update information to the shared server terminal 11B (or, in step S74 of FIG: 24; the client terminal 13 has transmitted the avatar as the update information to the shared server terminal 11B after transmission of the connection request), the update information is received by the communication device 24, upon which the process goes to step S114. In step S114, the CPU 21 references the connection control table stored in the RAM 23 to transmit the update information received by the communication device

24 to other client terminals than the client terminal which transmitted that update/information/Atthis/moment/the acciource/IP address of each client terminal controlled by the connection control table is used, a black of the page 3 to the

this hould be noted that the above-mentioned update information is received by the clien. It terminal: 13 in step S76 of a 1 FIG. 24 as described above. At this moment, the IP address of the source of each client terminal controlled by the control nection control table is used:

Then; the process goes to step S115, in which the GRU:21 determines whether the end of processing has been as instructed by the client terminal 13. If the end of processing has not been instructed, the process goes back to S111 by an skipping step S116. If the end of processing has been instructed the process goes to step S116 the link with the client terminal 13 from which the instruction has come is disconnected by the communication devide 24. Europe ther, from the connection control table, the information associated with the client terminal 13 is deleted by the CPU 21, is upon which the process goes back to step S111. As as a fact of the second translation associated with the client terminal 13 is deleted by the CPU 21, is upon which the process goes back to step S111.

It should be noted that the update information is appropriately transmitted as talmessage (FIGH9) as described above.

Thus, the control of the update objects is performed by the shared server terminal 11.B and the control (or provision) of the basic objects is performed by the information server terminal 11.At constituting the WWW of the Internet used world-wide, thereby easily providing virtual reality spaces that can be shared by unspecified users world-wide. It should be noted that the specifications of the existing WWW system need not be modified to achieve the above-mentioned objective.

Provision of the virtual reality space data by use of the WWW system need not create any new web browsers to because the transfer of these data can be made using related art web browsers such as the Netscape Navigation (trademark) offered by Netscape Communications, linc. for example.

Moreover, because the IP address of the shared server terminal tell Bais provided by the mapping server terminal 1.1.1.

12. the user can share a virtual reality space with other users without knowing the address of the shared server terminal 1.18. see 1.1. (e.g., grand grand and tell discrete to be reality) and the control of the shared server terminal 1.18. see 1.1. (e.g., grand grand

Interespondentioned preferred embodiments of the invention, the basic objects are supplied to each client terminal 13 via the network 15; however, it is also possible to store the basic objects in an information recording medium a such as a CD-ROM and distribute the same to each user in advance. In this case, each client terminal 13 is constituted as shown in FIG. 28. To be more specific, in the embodiment of FIG. 28; a CD-ROM drive 100 is connected to the interface 48 to drive a CD-ROM 101 in which a virtual reality composed of basic objects is stored. The other part of the constitution is the same as that of FIG. 3.

25

35

55

Thus, provision of the data of basic objects from the CD-ROM 101 eliminates the time for transferring the data via the network 15, increasing processing speed.

Alternatively, the data of basic objects supplied from the information server terminal 11A may be stored in the stored age device 50 only for the first time to be subsequently read forguse. The last time to be subsequently read forguse.

Namely, as shown in FIG. 29, the basic object data can be stored in the storage device 30 of the information server for terminal 11A (for the cases 4 through 3), the storage device 50 of the client terminal 13. (for the cases 4 through 6) or the CD-ROM-101 of the client terminal 13 (for the cases 7 through 9).

On the other hand, the update object data can be stored in the storage device 30 of the information server terminal 11A (for the case 1) or the storage device 30 of the shared server terminal 11B (for the case 2 through 9). In the case in which the update object data are stored in the shared server terminal 11B; that shared server terminal 11B-1 in Japan (for the case 2, 5 or 8) or the shared server terminal 11B-2 in JS (for the case 3, 6 or 9) as shown in FIG. 30 for example. In this instance, the URL of the update object data is stored on the mapping in server terminal 12.0. The case 3 of the case 3 or 9 or 10 or 1

If the update object data are stored on the information server terminal 11A, the URL of the update object data is 33 the default URL controlled by the information server terminal 11A (in the case of 1). Or if the shared server terminal 11B is specified by the user-manually, the URL of update object data is the specified URL (in the case of 4 or 7) and the shared server.

Referring to FIG. 30, the data in each of the above-mentioned cases of FIG. 29 flows as follows. In the case 1, the basic object data are read from a VRML file (to be described later in detail) stored in an HDD (Hard Disk Drive), storage device of a WWW server terminal 121 operating as the information server terminal 11B to be supplied to the client terminal 13-1 for example via the Internet 15A operating as the network 15. The storage device of the WWW server terminal 121 also stores update object data. To be more specific, when the basic object data are read in the WWW server terminal 121, the URL of the corresponding update object data is stored as the default URL in the storage device of the WWW server terminal 121 in advance. From this default URL, the update object data are read to be supplied to the client terminal 13-1.

in the case 2, the basic object data are supplied from the WWW server terminal 121 to the client terminal 13-1 in Japan via the Internet 15A. On the other hand, the update object data are supplied from the shared server terminal 11B- 1 in Japan specified by the mapping server terminal 12 to the client terminal 13-1 via the Internet 15A.

In the case 3, the basic object data are supplied from the WWW server terminal 121 to the client terminal 13-2 in US via the Internet 15A. The update object data are supplied from the shared server terminal 11-2 in US specified by

tended that the property along the line of the sales.

the mapping server ferminal 12 via the Internet 15A.

In the case 4, the basic object data are stored in advance in the storage device 50 of the client terminal 13-15m as Japan for example. The update object data are supplied from the shared server terminal 11-2 in US for example spectified by the client terminal 13-1.

In the case 5, the basic object data are stored in advance in the storage device 50 of the client terminal 13-1a. The conductation update object data are supplied from the shared server terminal 11841 in Japan specified by the mapping server terminal 12 via the Internet 15As a congress of the conductation of the conductation

Mn/the/case 6, the/basic object data are stored in advance in the storage device 50 of the client terminal 13-2 in US. 25. 25. The update object data are supplied from the shared server-terminal 11-2 in US specified by the mapping server terminal 12-to the client terminal 13-2 via the Internet 15Abs to 15-20 a consequence of 150 and 150 and

In the case 7, the basic object data stored in the CD-ROM 101 are supplied to the client terminal 13-1 in: Japan for example via the CD-ROM drive 100. The update object data are supplied from the shared server terminal (for example, the shared server terminal 11-1 or 11-2) specified by the client terminal 13-1.

In the case,8, the basic object data are supplied from the CD-ROM/10/ato/the client terminal 3/3-fb/The/update object data are supplied from the shared server terminal 3/18-1/in Japan specified by/the mapping/server terminal 12 in 3/2 of Japan. The shared server terminal 3/18-1/in Japan specified by/the mapping/server terminal 12 in 3/2 of Japan.

In the case 9, the basic object data are supplied from the CD-ROM 101 to the client terminal 13-2 in US. The update 15-3 object data are supplied from the shared server terminal 11-2 in US specified by the mapping server terminal 12 via the simple terminal 12 via the simple terminal 15A. The update 15 object data are supplied from the shared server terminal 11-2 in US specified by the mapping server terminal 12 via the simple terminal 15 object data are supplied from the shared server terminal 11-2 in US specified by the mapping server terminal 12 via the simple terminal 15 object data are supplied from the shared server terminal 11-2 in US specified by the mapping server terminal 12 via the simple terminal 15 object data are supplied from the shared server terminal 11-2 in US specified by the mapping server terminal 12 via the simple terminal 15 object data are supplied from the shared server terminal 11-2 in US specified by the mapping server terminal 12 via the simple terminal 15 object data are supplied from the shared server terminal 11-2 in US specified by the mapping server terminal 12 via the simple terminal 15 object data are supplied from the shared server terminal 11-2 in US specified by the mapping server terminal 12 via the simple terminal 15 object data are supplied from the shared server terminal 11-2 in US specified by the mapping server terminal 12 via the simple terminal 15 object data are supplied from the shared server terminal 11-2 in US specified by the mapping server terminal 12 via the simple terminal 15 object data are supplied from the shared server terminal 11-2 in US specified by the mapping server terminal 12 via the simple terminal 15 object data are supplied from the simple terminal 15 object data are supplied from the simple terminal 15 object data are supplied from the simple terminal 15 object data are supplied from the simple terminal 15 object data are supplied from the simple terminal 15 object data are supplied from the simple terminal 15 object data are supplied from the s

In what follows, the software for transferring the above-mentioned virtual reality space data to display the same on the display device. In the WWW system, document data are transferred in a file described in HTML (Hyper Text:Markup and Language). Therefore, text data are registered as an HTML file.

On the other hand, in the WWW system, three-dimensional graphics data are transferred for userby describing the US same in VRML (Virtual Reality Modeling Language) or E-VRML (Enhanced Virtual Reality Modeling Language). There-E-F fore, as shown in-FIG. 31 for example, a WWW server terminal 112 of remote host 111 constituting the above-mentioned information server terminal 11A, the shared server terminal 11B or the mapping server terminal 12 stores in its server terminal 11B. The mapping server terminal 12 stores in its server terminal 11B.

For application software (a WWW browser) for notifying a WWW server terminal of a URL entered in a client/terminal nal in the WWW system to interpretand/display an HTML file coming from the WWW server terminal, Netscape Navigator (register trade name) (hereafter referred to simply as Netscape) of Netscape Communications, Inc. is known. For example, the client terminal 13 also uses Netscape to user the capability for transferring data with the WWW server terminal and the communication of the communication of the www.

Ultishould be noted, however, that this WWW browser can interpret an HTML file and display the same; but this NOR WWW browser cannot interpret and display(a) VRML or E-WRML file although it can receive these files; Therefore, i.e. and VRML browser is required which can interpret a VRML file and an E-WRML file and draw, and display them as a three-indicational space.

Details of VRML are disclosed in the Japanese translation of "VRML: Browsing & Building Cyberspace," Mark 1995 Pesce, 1995 New Readers Publishing, ISBN 1-56205-498-8, the translation being entitled "Getting to Know VRML: Building and Browsing Three-Dimensional Cyberspace," translated by Kouichi Matsuda, Terunao Gamaike, Shouichi Takeuchi, Yasuaki Honda, Junichi Rekimoto, Masayuki Ishikawa, Takeshi Miyashita and Kazuhiro Hara; published March 25, 1996, Prenticehall Publishing, ISBN4-931356-37-0

The applicant hereofideveloped CyberPassage (trademark) as application software that includes this VRML and browser, and convenience of the form of the property of the proper

ne vince and a section of a section of the contract and a fine of the contract section of the section of the contract of the c

ะที่ เรียง โดย และสายแทน (ค. ค.ม. รักษาการและ รางที่เหมายนาย ตั้งสมวัน สาย หากทำรับโดย และ ค. พ.ศ.ฟัง พ.

and information of the first of each property of the property of the respect to a set country consequence of

CyberPassage is composed of the following three software programs: The figure of the following three software programs: The figure of the following three software programs: The figure of the figure o

(1) CyberPassage Browsers (1) in automorphic control of subjective eagers the corresponding of their placements.

50

This is a VRML browser which is based on VRML 1.0 and prefetches the capabilities (motion and sound) of VRML 1.0 a.0. to support, ErVRML that provides moving picture capability. In addition, this provides the multi-user capability which can be connected to CyberPassage Bureau. For the script language, TCL/TK is used.

ar 1 tip greek kiljasta oming en i seen nie een met to grandige maak bij mit de begin repel en jit bezoet af Your begin 800 te filst toegen seen trantop granding by keep met een groeinde, en filiter modere intidist til

(4) Proceedings of Neguenal Association (1) per Proceedings of the Lordon Companies of Conference of Conference

THE SHOURS BUT IN THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

Mer 9 13

who being on ormanic

3

The earth of the growth of territorial and the high mile ration

(2) CyberPassage Conductor -

This is a VRML authoring system which is based on E-VRML based on VRML 1.0. This tool can not only simply construct a three-dimensional world but also give a behavior, a sound, and an image to the three-dimensional world with ease.

(3) CyberPassage Bureau

25

30

35

40

45

50

This is used for a server terminal system for enabling people to meet each other in a virtual reality space constructed on a network, connected from the CyberPassage Browser.

In the client terminals 13-1 and 13-2 shown in FIG. 36, CyberPassage Browser is installed in advance and executed. In the shared server terminals 11B-1 and 11B-2, CyberPassage Bureau is installed in advance and executed. FIG. 32 shows an example in which CyberPassage Browser is installed from the CD-ROM 101 and executed on the client terminal 13-1 and, in order to implement the shared server terminal capability and the client terminal capability on a single terminal, CyberPassage Bureau and CyberPassage Browser are installed from the CD-ROM 101 in advance and executed.

As shown in FIG. 31, CyberPassage Browser transfers a variety of data with Netscape as a WWW browser based on NCAPI (Netscape Client Application Programming Interface) (trademark).

Receiving an HTML file and a VRML file or E-VRML file from the WWW server terminal 112 via the Internet, Net-scape stores the received files in the storage device 50. Netscape processes only the HTML file. The VRML or E-VRML file is processed by CyberPassage Browser.

E-VRML is an enhancement of VRML 1.0 by providing behavior and multimedia (sound and moving picture) and was proposed to the VRML Community, September 1995, as the first achievement of the applicant hereof. The basic model (event model) for describing motions as used in E-VRML is inherited to the Moving Worlds proposal, one the current VRML 2.0 proposals.

In what follows, CyberPassage Browser will be outlined. A sample of this browser is provided in the CD-ROM furnished to the Japanese translation of "VRML: Browsing & Building Cyberspace." Mark Pesce, 1995, New Readers Publishing. After installing this browser, selecting "Manual" from "CyberPassage Folder" of "Program" of the start menu of Windows 95 (trademark); (ozin Windows NT (trademark), the Program Manager) displays the instruction manual of the browser.

Operating environment of CyberPassage Browser:

The operating environment of CyberPassage Browser is as shown in FIG. 33. The minimum operating environment must be at least satisfied. However, Netscape Navigator need not be used if CyberPassage Browser is used as a standalone VRML browser. In particular, on using in the multi-user, it is desirable the recommended operating environment.

Installing CyberPassage Browser:

CyberPassage Browser can be usually installed in the same way as Netscape is installed. To be more specific, vscplb3a.exe placed in the \Sony (trademark) directory of the furnished CD-ROM is used as follows for installation.

- (1) Double-click vscplb3a.exe. The installation package is decompressed into the directory indicated by "Unzip To Directory" column. The destination directory may be changed as required.
- (2) Click "Unzip" button. And the installation package is decompressed.
- (4) When "Welcome" window appeared, click "NEXT" button.
- (5) Carefully read "Software License Agreement". If agreed, press "Yes" button; if not, press "No" button,
- (6) Check the directory of installation. Default is "Program Files Sony\CyberPassage", 1997 (2) 1997 (
- (7) If use of the above-mentioned directory is not wanted, press "Browse" button and select another directory. Then, press "Next" button.

BALLERS TO BE ABLE OF BELL OF HAVE AN OWN OF BETTERS OF

- (8) To read "readme" file here, click "Yes" button.
- (9) When the installation has been completed, click "OK" button.

Starting Cyber Passage Browser: with a low reposition to be done the low person considered field the

Before starting CyberPassage Browser, setting of Netscape Navigator must be performed. If CyberPassage Browser is used standalone, this setting need not be performed; just select "CyberPassage Folder... CyberPassage" of "Program" of the start menu and start. The following setting may be automatically performed at installation.

- EP 0 753 835 A2 (1) From "Options" menu of Netscape Navigator, execute "General Preference" and open "Preference" window. (3) From the upper tab, select "Helper Applications". (2) Check "File type" column for "x-world/x-vrml". If it is found, go to (4) below: 1997 1998 1999 1999 (3) Click "Create New Type" button. Enter "x-world" in "Mime Type" column and "x-vrml" in "Mime SubType" column.: 👀 Click "OK" button. Enter "wrl" in "Extensions" column. (4) Click "Launch the Application:" button. Enter the path name of CyberPassage Browser in the text column below this button. Default is "\Program Files\Sonv\CyberPassage\bin\vscp.exe". (5) Click OK button in a second but a read of the control of the c Ragional Identification Thus, the setting of Netscape Navigator has been completed. Start CyberPassage Browser as follows: ଅଟି ଓଡ଼ି ଓ ପ୍ରୟୁ ହ<mark>ୈମଧ୍ୟର ନାର୍ଥି ଅପେର ହି</mark>ଛି ଅନ୍ତର ଅଧି ନନ୍ତ ଅଧି ବହୁର ଅଞ୍ଚଳ ଅଟେ । ଅଟନ୍ତିକ ଅଟେ । ଅଟନ୍ତି ଅଟି ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଓ (1) In "File. Open File" menu of Netscape, read "readme. htm" of the sample CD-ROM. (2) Click the link to the sample world, and CyberPassage is automatically started, loading the sample world from the CD-ROM: 177 Million of a transfer of the Million of the total Uninstalling CyberPassage Browser: Commence of the control of the contr Execute "Uninstall" from "CyberPassage Folder" of "Program" of the start menu (or in Windows NT, the Program Manager), and CyberPassage Browser will be uninstalled automatically. maunication And Appending to Operating CyberPassage Browser: A Company of the Co ·艾伯·西西 对流流电流电影 1775 67 Rating Cyber Passage browser. And the first of the state CyberPassage Browser may be operated intuitively with the mouse 49b, the keyboard 49a, and the buttons on ディさかりこうによがなかる and a CB-CO en in haids such that it is a market of the property of the prope នេះ បានទៅពី ម៉ានាមេខាត់នៃ ដែល ដែល ដែល ដែលក្រសាល់ បញ្ជាប់ សម្រេច ប្រើប្រាស់ មេ ដែល នេះ ប្រើប្រាស់ មេ ដែលនេះ ប្រើ with a made to the other of the In the three-dimensional space provided by VRML, such movements done in real world as forward, backward, rotate right and rotate left for example can be done. CyberPassage Browser implements such movements through the following interface: Englished with the control By keyboard: l visi kultikvise taktise, a tampere era a aliki tampete tampe a avaltana i THE STATE OF A STREET WAS A STATE OF A STATE OF Each of the arrow keys, not shown, on the keyboard 49a generates the following corresponding movement: ത്ത്യത്തോടെ ഇത്ത് നള് നട്ടാണ് തന്നെ വാരം വിവര്ഷ് വിദ്യാത്ത് നട്ടെ വായത്തെ നിരുവേരുന്നു. എന്നിലെ കുറിന്നും എന്ന rotate right: rotate left: 据设计图象 4 · 30名号标记言"原外"。 move forward: and of Profinove Backward. Profession of the control of the profession configuration of the control A CARLEST AND A CONTROL OF A CO of the other in the second of the contraction of th Operate the mouse all with its left button, etd or subfleg # medicate or its Alaca conflicts and in the activity of their is recording the inferior of the recording to the second of the second o
- By mouse:

1

5

10

15

25

35

40

45

50

55

(1) Keep the left button of the mouse 49b pressed in the window of CyberPassage and move the mouse 0.53 ± 0.05 the Private Common states and the Private Common and the Common an to the right for rotate right; for the increase of the second of the model of the rotate right and other than the second of the rotate of the right for rotate right; for the right for rotate right; for the right for rotate right; for the rotate of the ro to the left for rotate left; Struck S the Multi for forward; and when it is the activities and base of the control of the average entitle country; down for backward. TOO IN THE MEDICAL PROPERTY OF THE STORY OF THE Subject the Plant Control of the Section 2015 and the section of the section of

The velocity of movement depends on the displacement of the mouse.

- (2) With the Ctrl (Control) key, not shown, on the keyboard 49a, kept pressed, click an object on screen to get to the the front of the clicked object.
- estruit de la fiction de la commentation de la comment de la commentation de la commentation de la commentation The following precautions are required: 100 000 of the band of the mentioning the second second records and the control of the following the control of the following the control of the following precautions are required: 100 000 of the control of the following precautions are required: 100 000 of the control of the cont Width that the contract fill the material succession and the first of the contract in the contract of the first of the contract of the contrac

- If a collision with an object occurs, a collision sound is generated and the frame of the screen blinks in red. If this happens, any forward movement is blocked. Moving directions must be changed.
- If the user is lost or cannot see anything in the space, click."Home" button on the right of screen, and the user can return to the home position.

 A second of the space of the space

The responsible of the contraction of the second contraction of the co

weeterm the salest gut to bill

1,129 / 90 (188 N 94-17) S

Hat yo tuka wasanga temindéssi P

to writing the country of

Jumping eye: Jeng graph carrier and a graph of propositions of factors are neclearly and the

10

15

20

25

45

While navigating through a three-dimensional space, the user may be lost at occasions. If this happens, the user can jump up to have an overhead view around.

(1) Click "Jump" button on the right of screen, and the user enters the jumping eye mode and jumps to a position from which the user can look down the world.

යන්න වන අතුරුව සුන්නවට වේ වන වන්නෙන්න මෙන්න සිදුන්න වන දින්ව සහ වෙන්නේ වැන්නෙන් වෙන් නියා එන්නිය ඇති වෙන්න විධ

adoktive objekt (bolo neka i neka i popored noby aliendenem 1920). Dia distribution i kwa wikiwi

The execution of the contract of the contract

n in a recognitive desertion and reduced the control of the contro

- (2) Click "Jump" button again, and the user goes down to the original position.
- (3) Alternatively, click any place in the world, and the user gets down to the clicked position.

Selecting an object:

When the mouse cursor is moved around on the screen, the shape of the cursor is transformed into a grabber (hand) on an object. In this state, click the left button of the mouse, and the action of the grabbed object can be called.

Loading a VRML file:

A VRML file can be loaded as follows:

- In Netscape, click the link to the VPML file;
- From "File. Open File" menu of CyberPassage, select the file having extension "wrl" on disc.
- In "File.. Open URL." menu of CyberPassage, enter the URL.
- Click the object in the virtual space for which "URL" is displayed on the mouse cursor.

o Operating toolbar buttonse இதுக்கு இடுக்கு 1970 நடக்கு கொடுந்த கொண்டிக்க கொண்டுக்கு கண்டுக்கு இணின் 970

Buttons in the toolbar shown in FIG. 37 for example may be used to execute frequently used functions.

"Back" Go back to the world read last.

"Forward" and Go to the world after going back to the previous world. The second after going back to the previous world.

"Home" grain Move to the home position. The home position and he had a set great your control of the later over the set of the additional of the set.

"Undo" Return a moved object to the original position (to be described later).

"Bookmark" Attach a bookmark to the current world or position.

"Scouter" Enter in the scouter mode (to be described later).

"Jump" Enter in the jump eye mode.

Scouter mode:

Each object placed in a virtual world may have a character string as information by using the E-VRML capability.

ang ang ang ting ting ting ang ting ting the following the property of the first of the first of the contribution of the first of the f

- (1) Click "Scouter" button on the right of screen, and the user enters the scouter mode.
- (2) When the mouse cursor moves onto an object having an information label, the information label is displayed.

and man at many of the configuration of the contract of the property of the contract of the co

(3) Click "Scouter" button again, and the user exits the scouter mode, and the content of the co

Moving an object around: her place to be the experience of the continuous analyzabeth of the place of the continuous analyzabeth of the continuous place of the experience of

With "Alt" (Alternate) key, not shown, on the keyboard 49a pressed, press the left button of the mouse 49b on a desired object, and the user can move that object to a desired position with the mouse. This is like moving a coffee cup for example on a desk with the hand in the real world. In the virtual reality, however, objects that can be moved are those having movable attributes in the sample world, objects may be moved by Digital HandyCam and the like. It should be noted that a moved object may be restored to the position before movement only once by using "Undo" button.

But the first participative state of the contraction of the state of the state of the state of the state is the state in t

in in groupe for some agreement on the enteres and an enteres of a Ministration consisting confident of the sec

Louis Commission were the commission of the comm LANCE TO THE CONTRACT OF THE STATE OF THE ST

Committee of the state of the s

March 18 12 Store Masser Condition A.

Connecting to a multi-user server terminal:

CyberPassage Browser provides a multi-user capability. The multi-user capability allows the sharing of a same VRML virtual space among a plurality of users. Currently, the applicant hereof is operating CyberPassage Bureau in the Internet on an experimental basis. By loading "Chat Room", the server terminal can be connected to share a same VRML virtual space with other users, walking together, turning off a room light, having a chat, and doing other activities with other users, walking together, turning off a room light, having a chat, and doing other activities. for example. This capability is started as follows:

- (1) Make sure that the user's personal computer is linked to the Internet.
- (2) Load the "Chatroom" or the sample world into Cyber assage Browser. This is done by loading "\Sony\readme.htm" from the sample CD-ROM clicking "Chat Room" (# 125 (124 1) 114 125 (124 1) 115 (124 1) 115 (124 1)
- (3) Appearance of "Connected to VS Server" in the message window indicates successful connection and the server in the message window indicates successful connection. ลงที่สื่อเพลาที่ได้เร็บกับ เพลา และ ครั้ง ธลาปหมายโดยและทุกกลดาดาศ และไว้ หมาย ครามที่ (k

Thus, the connection to the server has been completed. Interaction with other users is of the following two types:

(a) Notifying others of an action:

This is implemented by clicking any of "Hello", "Smile", "Wao!", "Wooo!!", "Umm...", "Sad", "Bye" and so on in the "Action" window (refer to FIG. 39). The actions include rotating the user himself (avatar) right or left 36 degrees, 180 degrees or 360 degrees.

and the contract of the contra

(b) Talking with others:

10

15

25

30

35

40

45

This capability is implemented by opening the "Chat" window (refer to FIG. 39) in "View. Chat" menu and entering a message from the keyboard 49a into the bottom input column. 2011年19年19日 1920年1920年1920年1920年1920年1920年1920年19 a de esta como en el como el como en el como en el como en el como el como

Multi-user worlds:

The following three multi-user worlds are provided by the sample CD-ROM. It should be noted that a chat can be 4.5 made throughout these three worlds commonly. THE PROPERTY WAS A CONTRACT OF THE STATE OF

(1) Chat Room

This is a room in which chat is made mainly. Some objects in this room are shared among multiple users. There are objects which are made gradually transparent every time the left button of the mouse is pressed, used to turn off room lights, and hop up when clicked, by way of example. Also, there are nidden notes and the like.

and an experiment spring and the contraction of the P. TELLINGENING & ST. GOAL PROGET PROPERTY.

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY

(2) Play with a ball!!

When a ball in the air is clicked, the ball flies toward the user who clicked the ball. This ball is shared by all users sharing that space to play catch.

(3) Share your drawling to the comment of the dayone to whom they say the matter than the comment of the commen

A whiteboard is placed in the virtual space. When it is clicked by the left button, the shared whiteboard is displayed. Dragging with the left button draws a shape on the whiteboard, the result being shared by the users sharing the space.

In addition to CyberPassage Browser, the sample CD-ROM stores CyberPassage Conductor and some sample VRML files. CyberPassage Bureau is not stored in this CD-ROM, however. It can be downloaded via the Internet 15A from Home Page URL=http://vs.sony.co.jp/ provided by the company at which the applicant hereof works. The company also offers, via the Internet, the multi-user world URL=http://japan.park.org/japan/Sony/3DWorld/Circus/.

Use of CyberPassage Bureau allows the users using CyberPassage Browser to enter together a world described in VRML 1.0. To provide a three-dimensional virtual reality space for enabling this capability, a file described in VRML 1.0 must be prepared. Then, CyberPassage Bureau (hereinafter appropriately referred to simply as the bureau) is operated on an appropriate personal computer. Further, a line telling the personal computer on which Bureau is operating the personal computer on the personal computer of the personal computer on the personal co is added to the VRML 1.0 file. The resultant VRML file is read into CyberPassage Browser (hereinafter appropriately 🕒 referred to simply as the browser), the browser is connected to the bureau.

If this connection is successful, the users in the virtual world can see each other and talk each other. Further, writing an appropriate script into the file allows each user to express emotions through a use of action panel.

CyberPassage Browser provides interface for action description through use of TCL. This interface allows each and user to provide behaviors to objects in the virtual world and, if desired, make the resultant objects synchronize between browsers. This allows a plurality of users to play a three-dimensional game if means for it are prepared.

To enjoy a multi-user virtual-world three steps are required; preparation of a VRML file, start of CyberPassage Bureau, and connection of CyberPassage Browser, and page of the conversal control of the conversal conversal control of the conversal conversal control of the conversal control of the conversal conversal control of the conversal conversal control of the conversal conversal control of the conversal co n, i georgia posici portugni ili, indi-

THE THE STATE OF A STATE OF THE STATE OF THE

realizability for the normal of the second

reagn that enquiting his comme

Preparing a VRML file: has a feet

15

30

45

50

55

There give the real physique and meet are served First; a desired VRML. 1.0 file must be prepared. This file is created by oneself or a so-called freeware is used for this file. This file presents a multi-user virtual world a sugar and an all gaptimost to file of the years has a contract of The make of the september VSR matter. Operating on the comment of the properties of the comment of the comment

Starting: CyberPassage Bureaux. 2007 (1965) plant in efficience ethorizations ad "methig you make of " to reselve the reselve

୍ର ସଂବ୍ୟୁଣ୍ଡ । ୭୯୪, ୬ ବେଟ ୧୯୭ ବର୍ଷର ପ୍ରଥମ ଅନ୍ତର ପ୍ରଥମ ଅନ୍ତର ଓ ଅନ୍ତର୍ଶ କିଥାନ ଅନ୍ତର <mark>କଥାନ ହଥାନି ସ</mark>ିଅଟେ ପ୍ରଥମ କଥାଚିତ୍ର The operating environment of CyberPassage Bureau is as follows:

our consumerance shake assess to sent to the reasons of the consent but nonverse in 1,38 % % directors of CPU as a multiple specification of the second specific and the second specific and the second second specific and the second s OS (1) (1) (2) Window 95 (1) (a) or page of the set of grown and grown about 1 for the page of the control of the many of 12M or higher (1) (a) or higher (1

. इ.ट. हुमार १ क्रमान २० वर्ष प्रकार तर्रा वा अध्यानी १ जोर १००० । १ वर्षा का भारतीय अध्यान का अध्यान का की एक प्रवासी CyberPassage Bureau can be started only by executing the downloaded file. When this CyberPassage Bureau is executed conty a menu bar indicating menus is displayed as shown in FIG. 34. Just after starting, CyberPassage Bureau a is in stopped state. Selecting "status" by pulling down "View" menu displays the status window that indicates the current Δc CyberPassage Bureau state. At the same time, a port number waiting for connection is also shown where a state of the off solved

Immediately after starting, CyberPassage Bureau is set such that it waits for connection at TCP port Nov5126. To change this port number, pull down "options" menu and select "port". When entry of a new port number is prompted, enter:a port number 5000 or higher. If the user does not know which port number to enter; default value (5126) can be used a) ന്ന്യാന്ത്രി പ്രവാധ നായിരുന്നു. പ്രവാധ കന്ന് പ്രവാദ്യാവി കണ്ട് പ്രവാശന് പ്രവാദ്യാവി വാധ കാര്യാവി വാധ വരം വന

To start CyberPassage Bureau from the stopped state, pull down "run" menu and select "start". The server terminal comes to be connected at the specified port. At this moment, the state shown in: "status" window becomes "running" as shown in FIG: 34.54 process to the semi-circle agencies were vergethened therefore reliablishing the semi-circle and the establish

Thus, after completion of the bureau preparations, when CyberPassage Browser comes to connect to CyberPassage Bureau, it tells the position of the browser to another browser or/transfers information such as conversation and as behavior. Awards on it is a samp turn on a could be early earlier or with a my bareting in gents and it. If it is the would be A

The "status" window of CyberPassage Bureau is explated every time connection is made by the user, so that using this window allows the user to make sure of the users existing in that wirtual world. In the control on seed as the best will not be the seed as the control of the users of the users existing in that wirtual world. contact to the conference. For each play where instage, they be an instanced in the conference of the end of the Connection of CyberPassage Browserto as a program of the first fer the consequence which constitute the first fer many the first fer the consequence of the constitution of the consequence of the conseque nt participal legici. Ot i speciel in the commit betall 82 elders retain his tip i draw species epropulitiems in th

Connection of the CyberPassage Browser requires the:following two steps::First, instruct CyberPassage Browser to which bureau it is to be connected. This is done by writing an "info" mode to the VRML file. Second, copy the user's avater file to an appropriate direction so that the user can be seen from the other users which is a managed of the control of rges () - ong region programment of the recipient in MESON (MONOR) in a compression that the three per than it is good

Adding to a VRML file:

tenuna. Appline com til trong all spienno blockt MAC dilatvi bese lo educador (CE) Difero reforto dibber observa When writing a line specifying the bureau to be connected to the VRML file, a name of the personal computer on C which the bureau is operating and the port number must be specified in the following formation, but the following formation is a second of the second of the

The server terminal name is a machine name as used in the Internetion which the bureautis operating (for example, and fred research sony com) or its IP address (for example, 123:231.12.1). The port number is one set in the bureau. Consequently, the above-mentioned format becomes as follows for example to the active section of the entire STOPEF VsServer Infor€string*fred.research.sony.com:5126*} and to have soft \$1. Of the baseded of the control of the based of the control of

in the example of FIG. 32, the IP address of the shared server terminal 11-1 is 43.0.35.117, so that the above-menthe modern to which is the section to them each treatment of this wife. tioned format becomes as follows: கர் DEF/VsServer.Info (string:"43.0.35:117:5126") பலரிப் பல ஆயிரிப் நிதிக்க முக்க பெருகிற சிகிய சிறிப் சிறிப்

This is added below the line shown below of the prepared VRML file; and a close of the shown and a constant of the prepared vRML file; and a constant of the constan prije Tropica i spilos sperimos sentrales y en 10 Apreparas y vivas da sulla en e VRML V1.0 ascii esten og fort, klass i helder flen energif saler heldsprikretersbade, klass dorde energi fri om skistil

क्षण करकी करोज कारण के प्रकृति कर एक देश कर देश के कारण प्रकृत कर कर के देश हैं। एक एक एक एक में किया है की कार इस करकी करोज कर कर के प्रकृति के समान कर कर देश के कारण है जो कर के किया है है किया के किया है की कारण की कारण and the second control of the contro Copying at a Vata stiller the still COT to seed by the controver to the still of the still of the stiller the still of the stiller than the st

When CyberPassage Browser gets connected to CyberPassage Bureau, the former notifies the latter of its avaitar. When a specific avaitar meets another, the bureau notifies the other browsers of the meeting information to make the specific avaitar be displayed on the other browsers. For this reason, it is required to copy the VRML file of the specific avaitar to an appropriate place in advance.

FIG. 34 shows an example of display for selecting an avatar. In this example, a desired avatar can be selected as own avatar from "person.wrl", "boy.wrl" or "girl.wrl".

When the selected avatar file is object to the same directory in which own VRML file is stored, the browser searches the directory for the "{person,boy,girl}, wrl" file as the avatar file when the browser loads the VRML file.

10

15

20

25

35

40

55

Thus, to share a specific VRML file, CyberPassage Bureau may only be operated, the VsServer Info node be added to the VRML file, and "{person.boy.girl}wrl" be copied to the same file in which the VRML file is stored. Then, when the is VRML file is set up such that the same can be loaded from other users, any user who reads the file through CyberPassage gets connected to the bureau.

As shown in FIG. 32, it is assumed that the shared server terminal 11B-1 uses an avatar nicknamed Koutarou and the client terminal 13-1 uses an avatar nicknamed Minami to walk through one of the multi-user worlds, CIRCUS PARK. In doing so, the shared server terminal 11B-1 selects a male avatar "boy wrl" as shown in FIG. 34 for example. As shown in FIG. 35, when "View" menu is pulled down and "Preferences" is selected, a screen as shown in FIG. 36 is displayed. On this screen, the user specifies "Koutarou" as the name (Nick Name) of the avatar selected in FIG. 34.

₹;

Likewise, the user of the client terminal 13-1 selects "girl.wrl" as own avatar for example, specifies "Minami" as its nickname? and enters CIRCUS PARK. When avatar Koutarou of the shared server terminal 118-1 and avatar Minami of the client terminal 13-1 move to positions close enough to each other; avatar Minami is displayed on the display device 25 of the shared server terminal 1.18-1 as shown in FIG. 35: Likewise, avatar Koutarou is displayed on the display device 45 of the client terminal 13-1 as shown in FIG. 38 to be described later.

It should be noted that, in FIGS. 32 and 34 through 37, "K" is assigned to the display screen of the display device 32 that avatar Koutarou sees and "M" is assigned to the display screen of the display device 45 that avatar Minami sees.

As shown in the figures, each display device displays only the three-dimensional virtual reality space (including the image of the other avaitar) as viewed from own avaitar, and own avaitar itself is not displayed. (In the other avaitar) as viewed from own avaitar, and own avaitar itself is not displayed.

Thus; when a plurality of avatars approach each other close enough in a specific space (namely, when own avatar is displayed on the display device of the other user's display device), a chat can be performed by selecting "Chat" from "View" menushown in FIG: 37 for example: FIG: 37 shows an example of display on the display device 25 of the shared server terminal 11B-1 when avatars Koutarou and Minami are having a chat.

As shown in FIG. 37, the messages entered so far from the keyboards of the terminals concerned are shown in the "Chat" window. Characters entered by the user are once displayed in the display area at the bottom of the "Chat" window; when the Enter key, not shown, of the keyboard 49a is pressed, the entered message (character string) is transmitted to the other user. For example, when message "Yes, it's my first visit today" has come from avatar Minami (the client terminal 13-1) to the shared server terminal 11B-1, this message is displayed in a balloon above avatar Minami in the CyberPassage Bureau window on the display device 25 of the shared server terminal 11B-1 and, at the same time; displayed in the "Chat" windows after the pastimessages of past of the shared server terminal 11B-1 and, at the same

FIG: '38'shows an example of display on the display device 45'of the client terminal: 13-1-when message: "Let's gow or see the merry-go-round" has been entered from the shared server terminal: 11B-1. In this case, too, the message is displayed in a balloon above avatar Koutarou in the "CIRCUS PARK" window and, at the same time, displayed in the "Chat" window after the past messages.

An example of display of FIG. 39 shows the case in which "Hello" button has been pressed on the client terminal 13-1. At this time; as shown in FIG. 39, an image in which avatar-Minami raises its right hand is displayed on the shared server terminal 11B-1 and, at the same time; voice:message:"Hello" is heard from the speaker 27.5.2. The time is a contract.

When the user leaves his terminal, his avatar may be put in the sleep state. For example, to put avatar Minami in the sleep state, "Active" button, one of the action buttons in the action windows shown in FIG. 38, is clicked on the client terminal 13-1 to change the shape of this button to "Sieep" button as shown in FIG. 40. Avatar Minami enters the sleep state. In the sleep state, avatar Minami displayed on the displayed device 25 of the shared server terminal 11B-1 is sitting on the ground as shown in FIG. 41. The user of the shared server terminal 11B-1 can know from this state (namely, the user avatar Minami has left the client terminal 13-1) that avatar Minami is in the sleep state. When "Sleep" button is clicked in the sleep state, the button returns to "Active" button again.

Thus, the users can enjoy themselves walking through the Circus Park as a three-dimensional virtual reality space. The present invention is applied to embody the parade, the movement of avatars, and avatar behaviors by the action window buttons implemented in the above-mentioned Circus Park.

The present invention has been described by taking for example the case in which the Internet is used for the network 15 and the WWW system is used. It will be apparent to those skilled in the art that a global communications network other than the Internet may be used for the network 15 and a communications system other than the WWW

system may be used to achieve the above-mentioned objects of the invention was a maken and a maken to book or self-

As described above, according to the present invention, in the three-dimensional virtual reality sharing method, the system, the information recording medium, the information recording method, the information transmission medium, and the information transmission method, the change sequence of the plurality of sub objects corresponding to the updated content of the state of the update object is stored in each client terminal and the changes sequences on the plurality of client terminals are started in cynchronization. The above mentioned novel setup allows the behaviors of an object having a complex shape composed of a plurality of sub objects to be chared in the same three-dimensional virtual reality space on the plurality of client terminals, thereby significantly enhancing the display speed of images.

Further according to the present invention, in the information processing method, the client terminal, the information recording medium, the information transmission medium, and the information transmission medium, and the information transmission method, the change sequence of the plurality of sub objects corresponding to the update content of the state of the update object is stored in a client terminal and started in synchronization with the change sequences stored in other client terminals. The above-mentioned novel setup implements a client terminal that can share the same three-dimensional virtual reality space with other client terminals.

Further, according to the present invention, in the information processing method, the server terminal, the information recording method, the information transmission medium, and the information transmission medium, and the information transmission method, if a message indicating update of the state of the update object is entered from a specific client terminal via the global communication network and, in synchronization with the change sequence of the plurality of sub objects in the specific client terminal, the change sequences of the plurality of sub objects in the other client terminals are started. The above-mentioned novel setup allows implements a server terminal that can provide the same three-dimensional virtual reality space to the plurality of client terminals.

While the preferred embodiments of the present invention have been described using specific terms, such description is for illustrative purposes only, and it is to be understood that changes and variations may be made without departing from the spirit or scope of the appended claims of a second or additional and the spirit or scope of the appended claims.

Claims and the burner and the control of the contro

15

30

35

40

55

- . A method to sharing a three-dimensional virtual reality space comprising the steps of:
 - connecting a plurality of client terminals (13-1, 13-2, 13-3) for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change to a shared server terminal (11-1, 11-2) for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plu-

. මෙලෙල දුරු දැන දැන කරනුවෙන පෙනුවක් වැන්න සහ සම්බන්ධ පෙන සම්බන්ධ පත්වාර්ත වැන්නේ සමුවෙන්න මේ දුන් එම එමෙල මේ වේණ

rality of client terminals via a communication network (15); between a relative terminals via a communication network (15); between a sequence table for defining a relationship between a sequence of changing the state of each of the plurality of sub-objects according to a change

वा महादारी गर्मा पर में कि बाली होते.

THE TOTAL OF THE SEA

- to the state of the update object; and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence parallely when the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal is updated, notifying each of the plurality of client terminals of the message corresponding to updated content of the state of the update object of the shared server terminal; and revise borne can you before our first and revise borne can you before our first and revise borne can you before our first and revise our responding to the change sequence and the change sequence a
- changing on each of the plurality of client terminals (43-4; 13-2; 13-3) the state of each of the plurality of sub objects based on the change sequence specified by the message to reflect the change in the displayed three-dimensional virtual reality space to the sequence specified by the message to reflect the change in the displayed three-dimensional virtual reality space to the sequence specified by the message to reflect the change in the displayed three-dimensional virtual reality space to the sequence of the sequenc
- 2. The method of sharing a three-dimensional virtual reality space according to claim 1, wherein each of the plurality of client terminals (13-1, 13-2, 13-3), if the state of the update object is updated according to an operation performed by a user of each of the plurality of client terminals, notifies the shared server terminal of the message corresponding to the updated content.
- 3. The method of sharing a three-dimensional virtual reality space according to claim 1, wherein the updated content of the state of the update object is a behavior including displacement and rotation.

EP 0 753 835 A2 --

- 6. The method of sharing a three-dimensional virtual reality space according to claim 4; wherein the shared server and terminal (19.4) 14.2) in at the message corresponds ing to the tipdated content of the update object in a predetermined timing. The same part of the update object in a predetermined timing.
- 7. The method of sharing a three-dimensional virtual reality space according to claim 1, wherein the communication of network transfers the message between unspecified the plurality of client terminals and the shared serves terminals using based on a communication protocol called TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol).
- 8. The method of sharing a three-dimensional virtual reality space according to claim 1, wherein three-dimensional graphics data for representing the update object is written in VRML (Virtual Reality Modeling Language). He are setting the update object is written in VRML (Virtual Reality Modeling Language). He are setting the update object is written in VRML (Virtual Reality Modeling Language).
- 9. A system of sharing a three-dimensional virtual reality space comprising a less to the contract of the experience of the contract of the co

10

15

20

25

35

40

45

55

a plurality of client terminals (13-1, 13-2, 13-3) for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change; a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals; a communication network (15) for connecting each of the plurality of client terminals to the shared server terminal; and a change sequence table for defining a relationship between a change sequence of the state of each of the sub-objects corresponding to update content of the state of the update object and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence, the change sequence table being registered in each of the plurality of client terminals.

A THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

simple double anneal side of the public of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal is updated; the shared server terminal is updated; the shared server terminal notifies each of the plurality of client terminals of the message corresponding to updated content of the state of the update object, and

each of the client terminals changes the state of each of the plurality of sub objects based on the change is sequence specified by the message to reflect the change in the displayed three-dimensional virtual reality space.

- 30 10. An information recording medium for use in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system to record a "computer program comprising the processing steps of: 35% or 55% or 55% or 100 and 0.00 for 100 and 0.00 fo
 - connecting a plurality of client terminals (13-3) 13-2, 13-3) for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change to a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals via a communication network, of the controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client registering in each of the plurality of client terminals in advance a change sequence table for defining a relationship between a sequence of changing the state of each of the plurality of sub-objects according to a change
 - when the state of the update object and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence; when the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal (1/1-1/1/1-2) is updated, notifying seach of the plurality of client terminals of the message corresponding to updated content of the state of the update object from the shared server terminal; and the update object from the shared server terminal; and the state of each of the plurality of sub-objects based on the change sequence specified by the message to reflect the change in the displayed three-dimensional virtual

Year reality space; the total the confidence of the property of the computer program is readable and executable by at least one of the terminals consisting of the shared server terminal and the plurality of client terminals.

- 50 11. An information recording method for use in a three-dimensional virtual reality sharing system to record a computer program in an information recording medium, the computer program comprising the processing steps of
 - conflicting a plurality of client terminals (43-3,713-2; 13-3) for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality is space including an update object constituted by applurality of sub-objects each of which state is subject to change to a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals via a communication network; 30-33 (33-3) (

tionship between a sequence of changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects according to a change to the state of the update object and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence; in most continued to

when the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal is updated unotifying reaction the plurality of client/terminals (13-1) 13-2, 13-3) of the message corresponding to updated content of the state of the update object from the shared server terminal; and egginate of the plurality of the plurality of client terminals the state of reacts of the plurality of sub-objects based on the change sequence specified by the message to reflect the change in the displayed three-dimensional virtual reality space;

wherein the computer program is readable and executable by at least one of the terminals consisting of the shared server terminal (11-1, 11-2) and the plurality of client terminals (13-1, 13-2, 13-3).

10

15

20

25

30

35

40

45

50

55

ndivide for in the contract of the

12. An information transmission medium for use, in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system to transmit a computer program comprising the processing steps of: படி கடி பழர் மிறிவிகள் விண்டி விள்ள மாற்ற விறிவிகள் each course to account on the characteristic period of the fluit of and performance to be fit was a safe connecting a plurality of client terminals (13-1, 13-2, 13-3) for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change to a shared server terminal (11-1, 11-2) for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plu-表示gality of client terminals:(13-1513-2, 13-3) via a communication network (15); 图 电影 中国 通過數學 经营 experegistering in each of the plurality of client terminals in advance a change sequence table for defining a relationship between a sequence of changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects according to a change systo the state of the update object and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence; it is as no and when the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal is updated, inclifying each of the plurality of client terminals of the message corresponding to updated content of the state of the update object was **from the shared server terminal) and** serve plant contain those foot to out usages fortone emigraficables changing on each of the plurality of client terminals the state of each of the plurality of sub objects based on the change sequence specified by the message to reflect the change in the displayed three-dimensional virtual the product of the second control of the second product of the second control of the sec to reality space; seeking the large ex-

wherein the computer program is readable and executable by at least one of the terminals consisting of the shared server terminal and the plurality of client terminals and the executable computer program is transmitted to at least one of the terminals consisting of the shared server terminal and the plurality of client terminals and the plurality of client terminals.

- 13. An information transmission method for use in a three-dimensional/virtual reality space sharing system to transmit a computer program/comprising the processing steps of the law law method is a first processing steps of the law law method is a first processing steps of the law law method is a first processing steps of the law law method is a first processing steps of the law law method is a first processing steps of the law law method is a first processing steps of the law law method is a first processing steps of the law law method is a first processing steps of the law law method is a first processing steps of the law law method is a first processing steps of the law law method is a first processing steps of the law law method is a first processing steps of the law law method is a first processing steps of the law law method is a first processing steps of the law law method is a first processing steps of the law law method is a first processing steps of the law law method is a first processing steps of the law method is a first processing step of the law meth
 - connecting a plurality of client terminals (13-4, 13-2, 13-3) for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub-objects each of which state is subject to change to a shared server terminal (11-1, 11-2) for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals via a communication network (15); a sample of the update object and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence; and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence; and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence; and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence; and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence; and the update object controlled by the shared server terminal is updated, notifying each of the plurality of client terminals of the message corresponding to updated content of the state of the update object.

33

er from the shared server terminal; and to a sink of the order that he could be a considered as a considered a

wherein the computer program is readable and executable by at least one of the terminals consisting of the shared server terminal and the plurality of client terminals and the executable computer program is transmitted to at least one of the terminals consisting of the shared server terminal (11-1, 11-2) and the plurality of client terminals.

14. An information processing method of a client terminal in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system in which a plurality of client terminals for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change are connected to a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals via a communication network (15), the information processing method comprising the steps of:

- in degistering/inceacheof/the plurality of client/terminals in advance a change sequence table for defining a relationship between a sequence of changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects according to a change to the state of the update object and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence; acquiring the message acquiring the message corresponding to the update content of the state of the update object, the message being notified from the shared server terminal (11:1, 11:2) when the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal is updated; and
- changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects based on the change sequence specified by the message to reflect the change in the displayed three*dimensional virtual reality space.

è.

÷

4 10

. 77

1. 糕

. V

2, 7

ري در م

* 🛊

. , :-

15. A client terminal in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system in which a plurality of client terminals storadisplaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space-including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub-objects each of which state is subject to change are connected to a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals via a communication network (15), the client terminal comprising who distribute as at the polytomer who are the space of the plurality of the server of the server of the plurality of the server of the server of the plurality of the server of

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

40

45

50

55

- aregistering means for registering in each of the plurality of client terminals in advance a change sequence table for defining a relationship between a sequence of changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects according to a change to the state of the update object and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence; we are sequence; and a sequence of the update object control-policy, the message being notified from the shared server terminal when the state of the update object control-policy by the shared server terminal is updated; and it was a sequence of the update object the change in the displayed three-dimensional virtual reality spaces.
- 16. An information recording medium for use in a client terminal in a three-dimensional virtual reality-space/sharing system to record a computer program comprising the processing steps of:
 - of the general content of the search and the model of the search sealed of the content of the content of the plurality of client terminals in advance a change sequence table for defining a relationship between a sequence of changing the state of each of the plurality of sub-objects according to a change to the state of the update object and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence;
 - n. cacquiring the message corresponding to the update content of the state of the update object, the message being notified from the shared server terminal when the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal is updated; and
 - with changing the state of each of the plurality of subtobjects based on the change sequence specified by the mesde cosage, to reflect the change in the displayed three-dimensional virtual reality space; and the plurality space; and the displayed three-dimensional virtual reality space; and the plurality of subtops and the plurality of subtop

wherein the computer program is recorded in the information recording medium in a state readable and executable by the client terminal, to as appears a space who a sleep a to assist to give in the client terminal.

- epharma or graphocopium apatrificam yfoshia produced seed para and the produced of the coldinate of the cold
 - registering in each of the plurality of client terminals in advance a change sequence table for defining a relactionship between a sequence of changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects according to a change sequence; at some state of the update object and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence; at some acquiring the message corresponding to the update content of the state of the update object, the message being notified from the shared server terminal (11-1, 11-2) when the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal is updated; and a least the shared server terminal is updated in the shared server terminal is updated.
 - द्ध न changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects based on the change sequence specified by the mesare sage to reflect the change in the displayed three-dimensional virtual reality space; । सम्बन्धिक करण

wherein the computer program is recorded in the recording medium in a state readable and executable by the client terminal control of the product of the control of the con

18. An information transmission medium for use on a client terminal in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system in which a plurality of client terminals for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub-objects each of which state is subject to change are connected to a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals (13-1,

stratement in the many in policies and the first and the second and the second and the second and the second

5

10

20

25

30

40

45

50

55

13-2, 13-3) via a communication network (15), the information transmission method transmitting a computer program comprising the processing steps of :

registering in each of the plurality of client terminals in advance a change sequence table for defining a relationship between a sequence of changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects according to a change to the state of the update object and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence;

acquiring the message corresponding to the update content of the state of the update object, the message being notified from the shared server terminal (11-1, 11-2) when the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal is updated; and

changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects based on the change sequence specified by the message to reflect the change in the displayed three-dimensional virtual reality space;

wherein the computer program is transmitted to the client terminal in a state receivable and executable by the same as a second as as a secon

19. An information transmission method for use on a client terminal in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system in which plurality of client terminals (13-1, 13-2, 13-3) for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change are connected to a shared server terminal (11-1, 11-2) for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals via a communication network (15), the information transmission method transmitting a computer program comprising the processing steps of:

registering in each of the plurality of client terminals in advance a change sequence table for defining a relationship between a sequence of changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects according to a change to the state of the update object and a message for specifying a type of the change sequence;

acquiring the message corresponding to the update content of the state of the update object, the message being notified from the shared server terminal (11-1, 11-2) when the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal is updated; and

changing the state of each of the plurality of sub objects based on the change sequence specified by the message to reflect the change in the displayed three-dimensional virtual reality space;

wherein the computer program is transmitted to the client terminal in a state receivable and executable by the same.

20. An information processing method of a shared server terminal in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system in which a plurality of client terminals for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change are connected to a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals (13-1,13-2,13-3) via a communication network (15), the information processing method comprising the steps of:

and the second of the control of the second of the second

LINE BOUNDING CALLSTANDS CONTRACTOR SIZES AND IN-

when the state of the update object is updated, notifying each of the plurality of client terminals of a message for specifying a type of a change sequence of each of the plurality of sub objects corresponding to updated content of the state of the update object from the shared server terminal.

21. A shared server terminal in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system in which a plurality of client terminals (13-1, 13-2, 13-3) for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub-objects each of which state is subject to change are connected to a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals via a communication network, the shared server terminal comprising:

a determining means for determining update of the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal; and

when the state of the update object is updated, a notifying means for notifying each of the plurality of client terminals of a message for specifying a type of a change sequence of each of the plurality of sub objects corresponding to updated content of the state of the update object from the shared server terminal (11-1, 11-2).

22. An information recording medium for use on a shared server terminal in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system in which a plurality of client terminals for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space includ-

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

40

45

50

55

ing an update object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change are connected to a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals (13-1,13-2 13-3) via a communication network (15), the information recording medium recording a computer program comprising the processing steps of:

determining update of the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal; and when the state of the update object is updated, notifying each of the plurality of client terminals of a message for specifying a type of a change sequence of each of the plurality of sub objects corresponding to updated content of the state of the update object from the shared server terminal (11-1, 11-2);

wherein the computer program is stored in the information recording medium in a state readable and executable by the shared server terminal.

23. An information recording method for use on a shared server terminal in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system in which a plurality of client terminals for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change are connected to a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals via a communication network (15), the information recording method recording a computer program comprising of the processing steps of:

determining update of the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal; and when the state of the update object is updated, notifying each of the plurality of client terminals (13-1, 13-2, 13-3) of a message for specifying a type of a change sequence of each of the plurality of sub objects corresponding to updated content of the state of the update object from the shared server terminal;

wherein the computer program is stored in an information recording medium in a state readable and executable by the shared server terminal (11-1, 11-2)

24. An information transmission medium for use on a shared server terminal in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system in which a plurality of client terminals for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change are connected to a shared server terminal (11-1, 11-2) for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals via a communication network (15), the information transmission medium transmitting a computer program comprising the processing steps of:

determining update of the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal, and when the state of the update object is updated, notifying each of the plurality of client terminals of a message for specifying a type of a change sequence of each of the plurality of sub objects corresponding to updated content of the state of the update object from the shared server terminal;

wherein the computer program is transmitted to the shared server terminal in a state receivable and executable by the same.

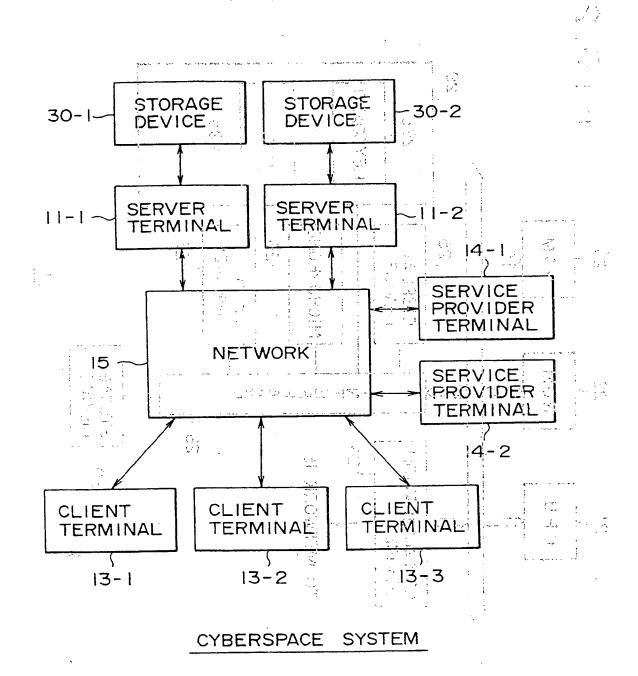
25. An information transmission method for use on a shared server terminal in a three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing system in which a plurality of client terminals (13-1, 13-2, 13-3) for displaying a three-dimensional virtual reality space including an update object constituted by a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change are connected to a shared server terminal for controlling a state of the update object on each of the plurality of client terminals via a communication network (15), the information transmission method transmitting a computer program comprising the processing steps of:

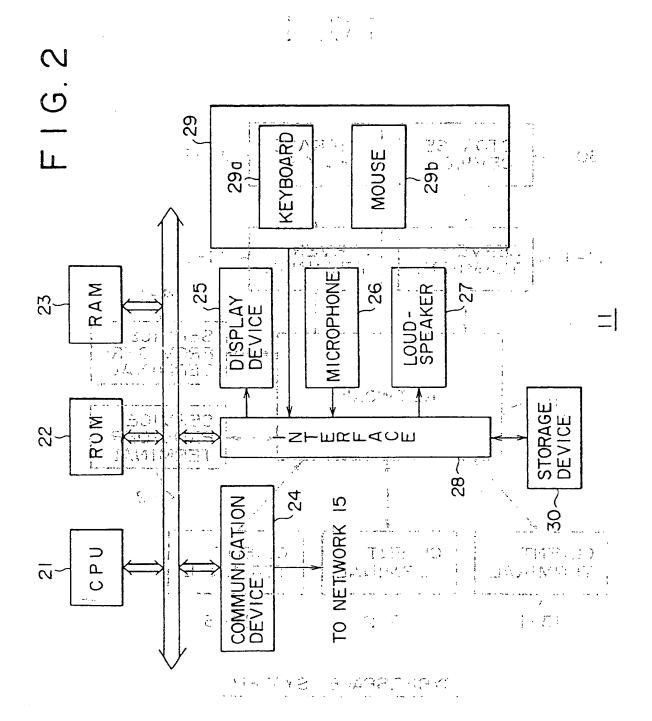
determining update of the state of the update object controlled by the shared server terminal; and when the state of the update ofject is updated, notifying each of the plurality of client terminals (13-1, 13-2, 13-3) of a message for specifying a type of a change sequence of each of the plurality of sub objects corresponding to updated content of the state of the update object from the shared server terminal;

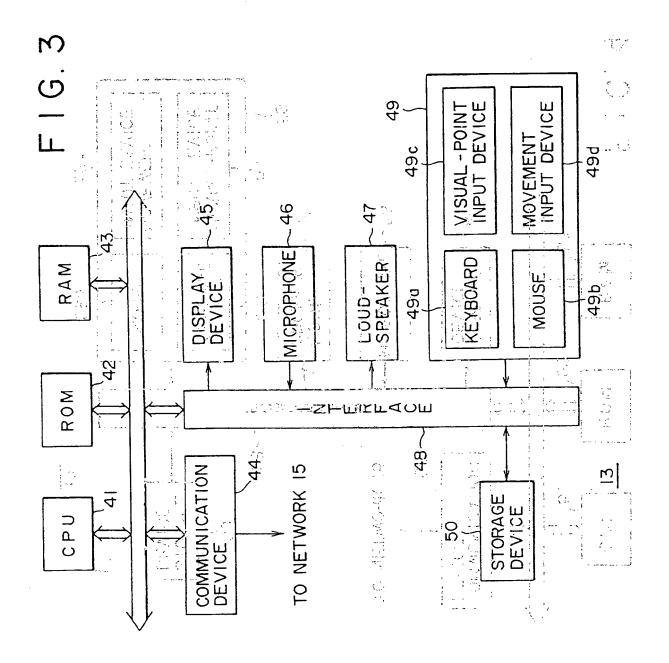
wherein the computer program is transmitted to the shared server terminal in a state receivable and executable by the same.

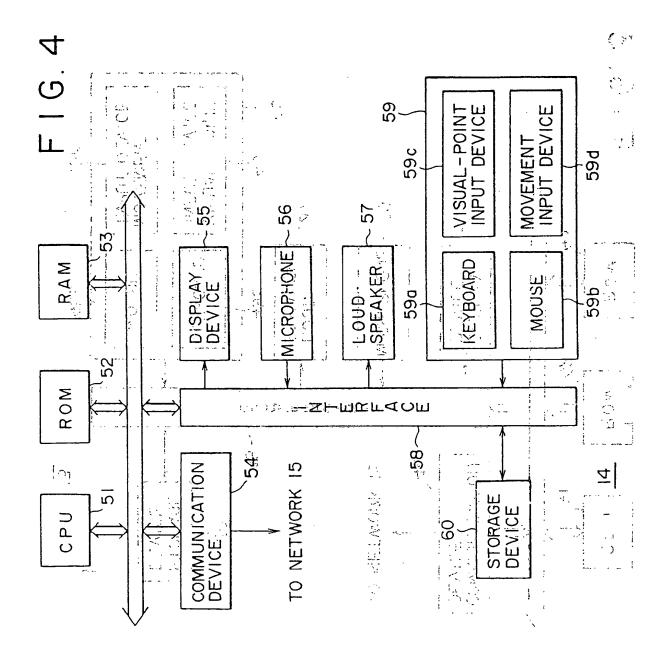
the life the police is a consistent to the complete of the complete between the constraint and the constant of the constant properties.

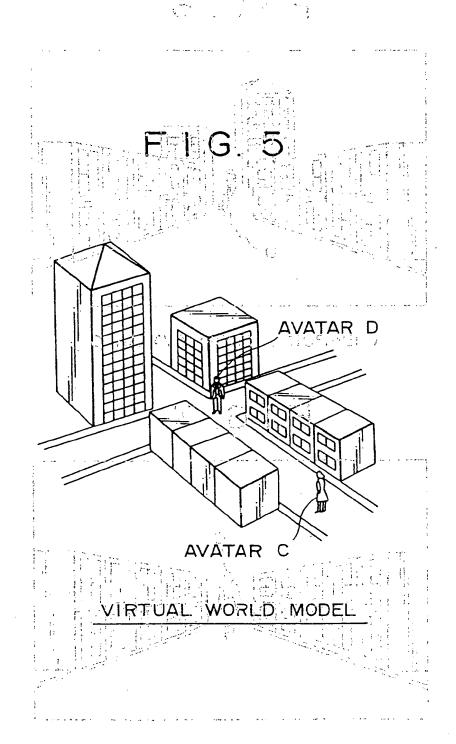
FIG. I



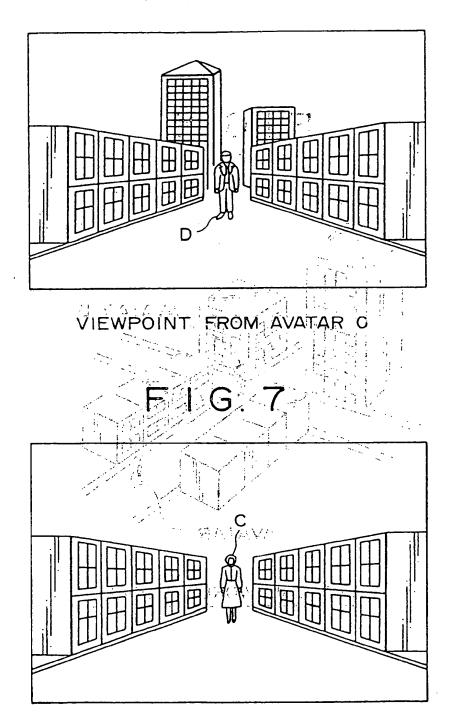








F I G. 6



VIEWPOINT FROM AVATAR D

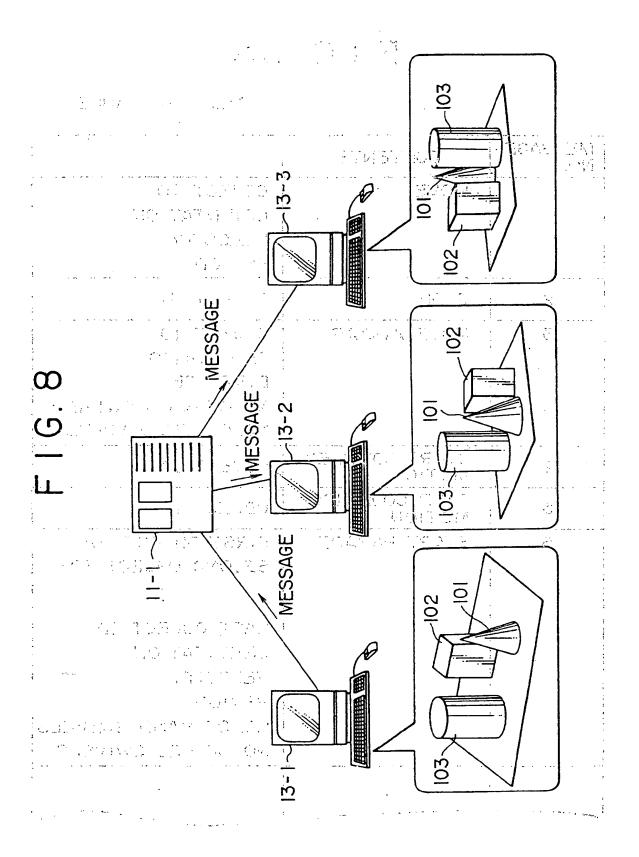
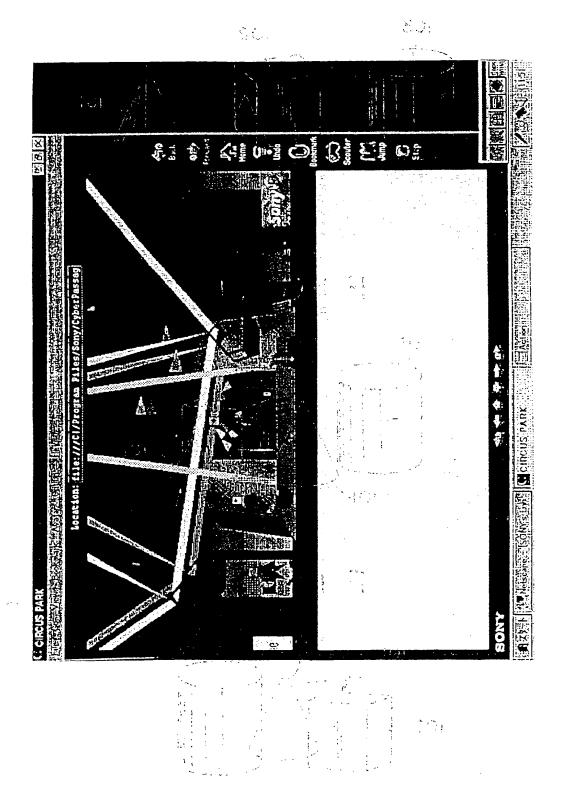


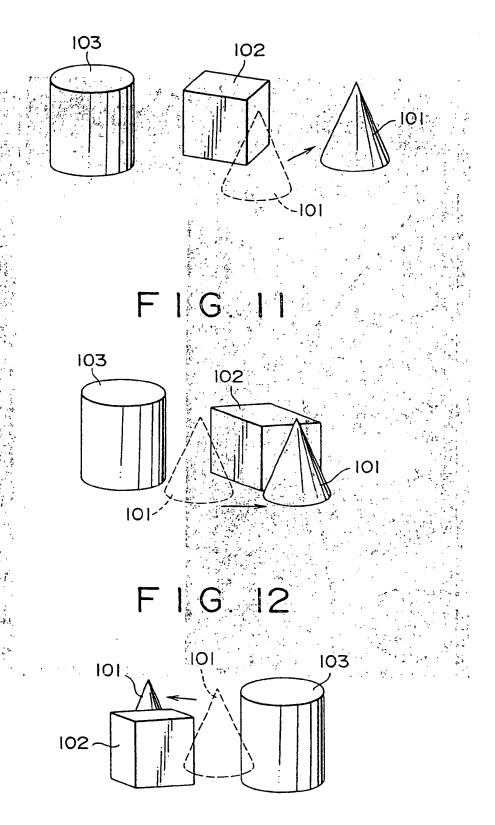
FIG. 9A

MESSAGE	TABLE
(

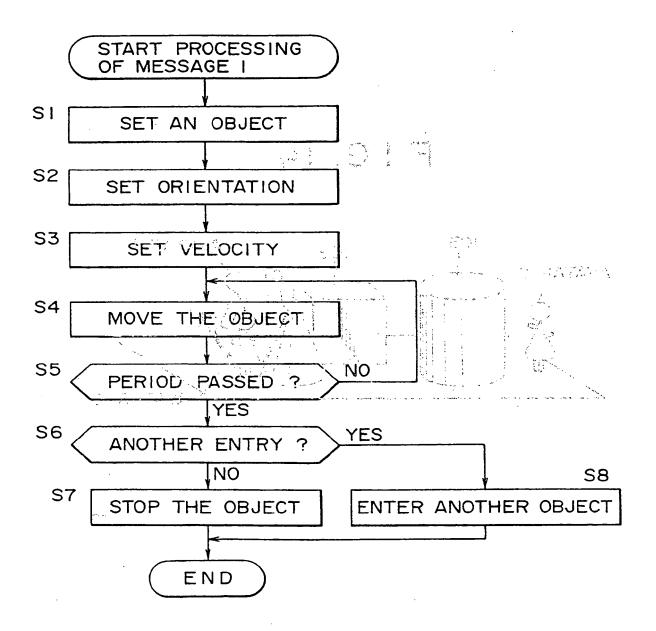
	MESSAGE TABLE
MESSAGE CONTENTS	
I MOVE	OBJECT ID ORIENTATION
	VELOCITY PERIOD
2. STOP	OBJECT ID
3 MOVE AVATAR	OBJECT ID ORIENTATION DISTANCE NO. OF HAND SWIVELS NO. OF LEG SWIVELS
4 START COMPLEX MOTION	OBJECT ID
5 STOP COMPLEX MOTION	OBJECT ID
6 START PARADE	FIRST OBJECT ID ₁ SECOND OBJECT ID ₂ LAST OBJECT ID _n ORIENTATION VELOCITY PERIOD NO. OF HAND SWIVELS NO. OF LEG SWIVELS
	:

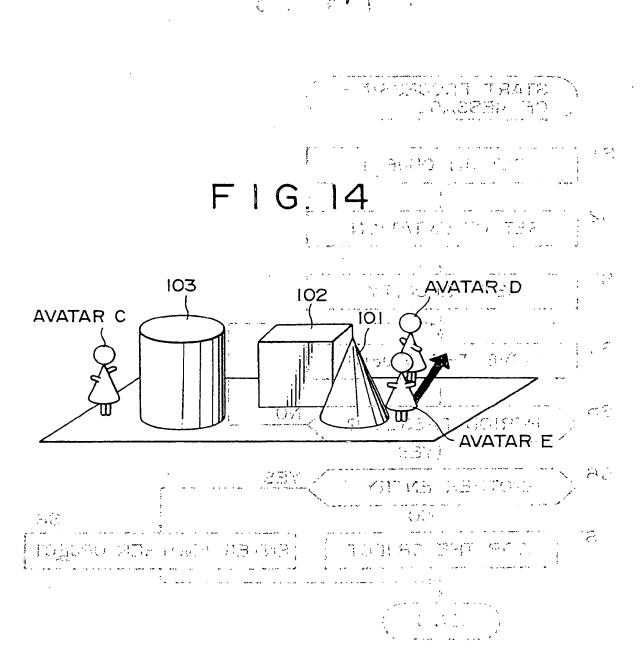


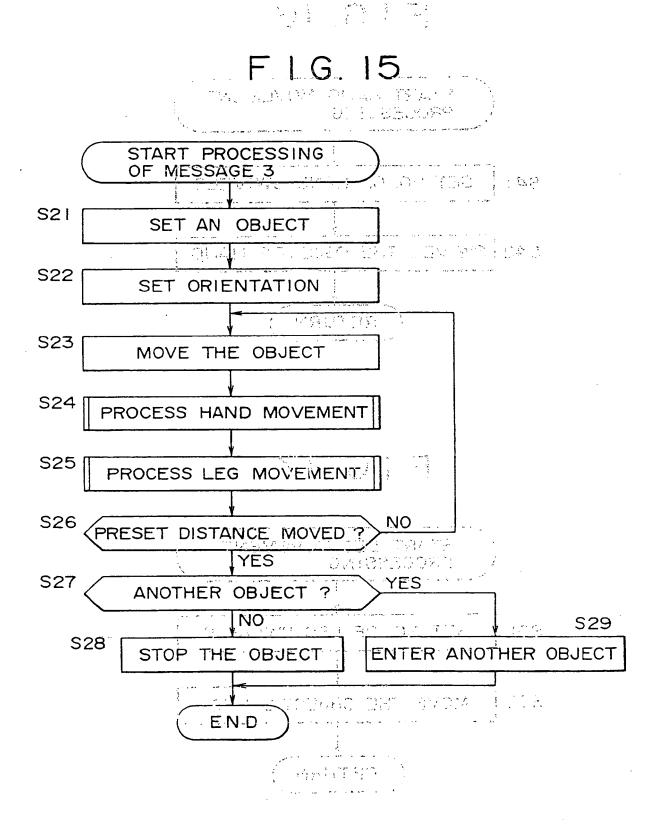
F1G.10



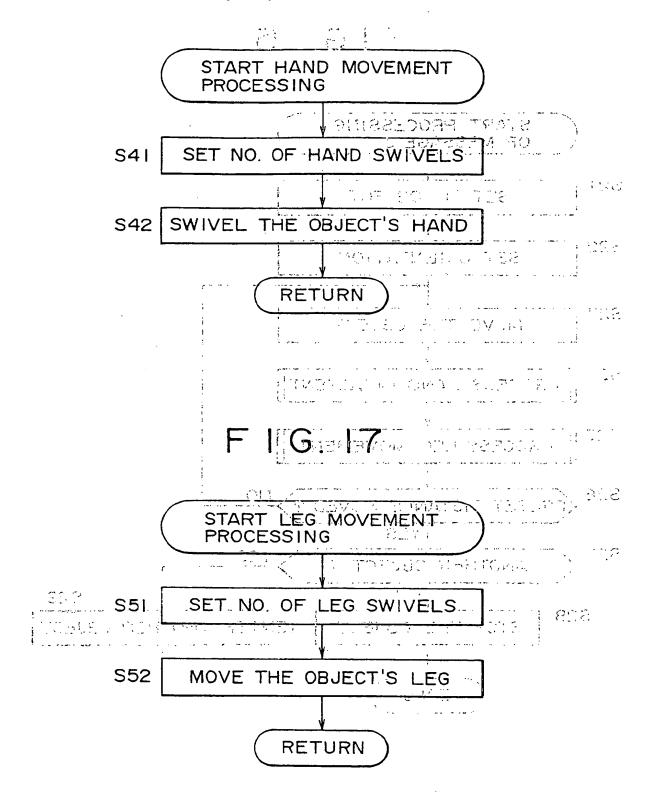
F I G. 13



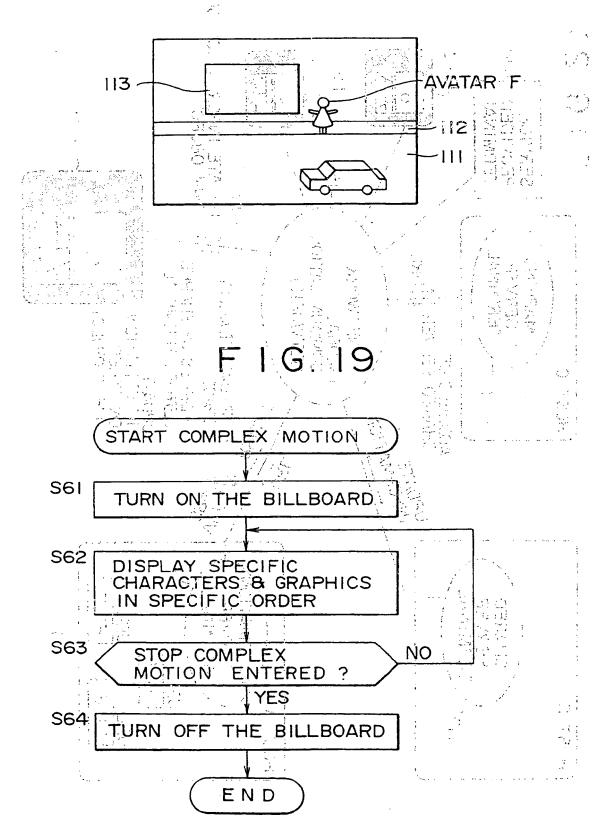


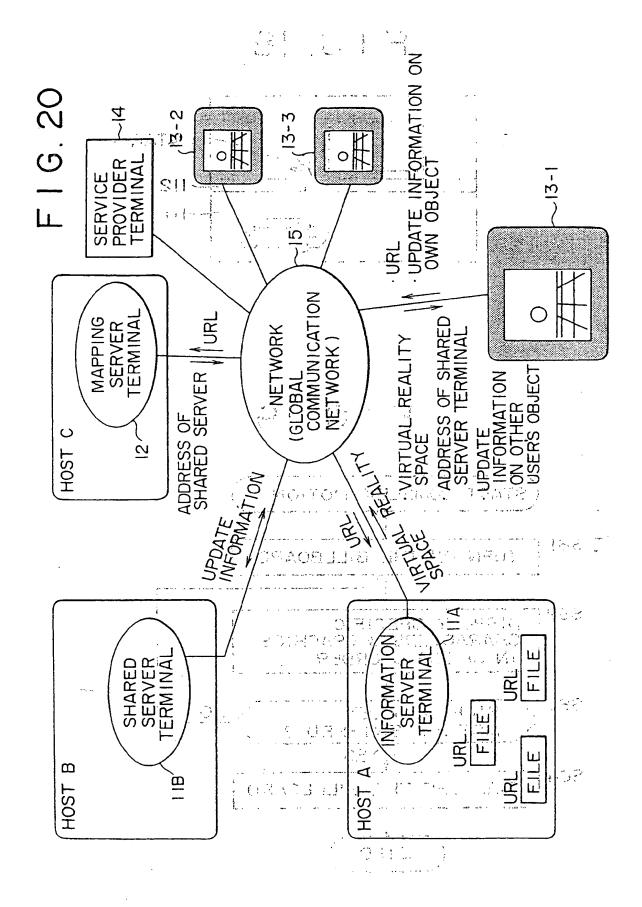


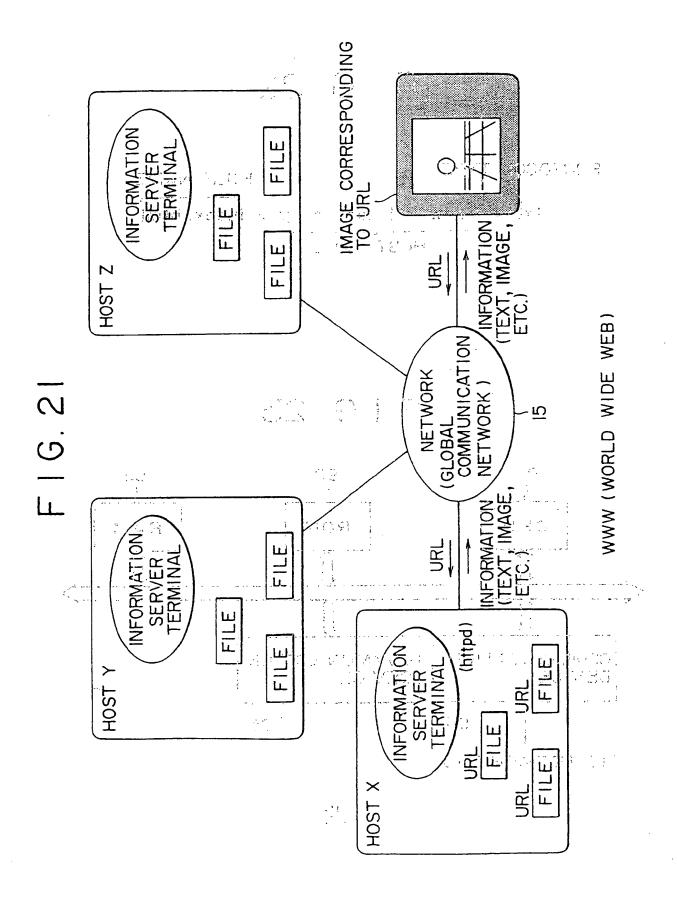
F I G. 16

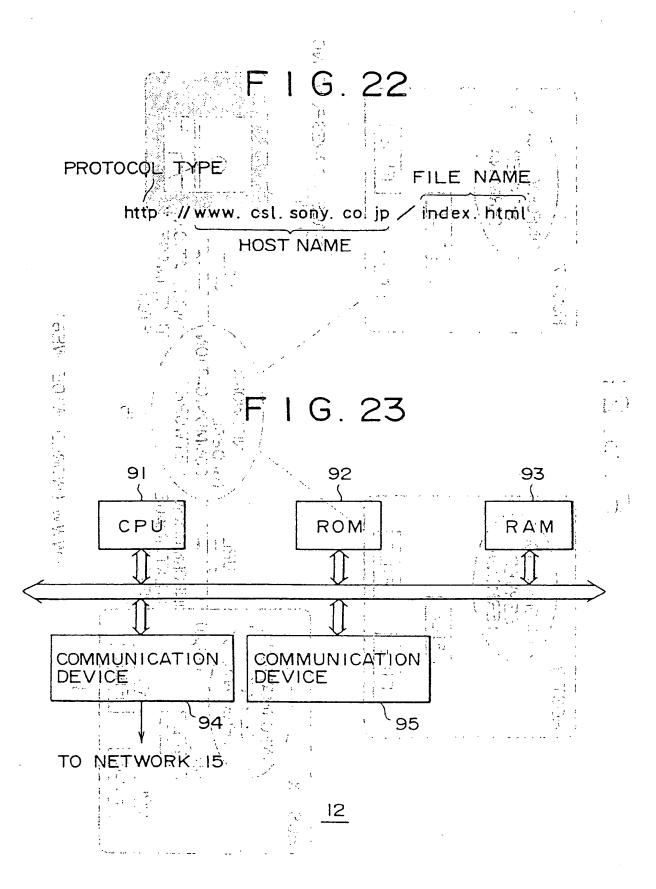


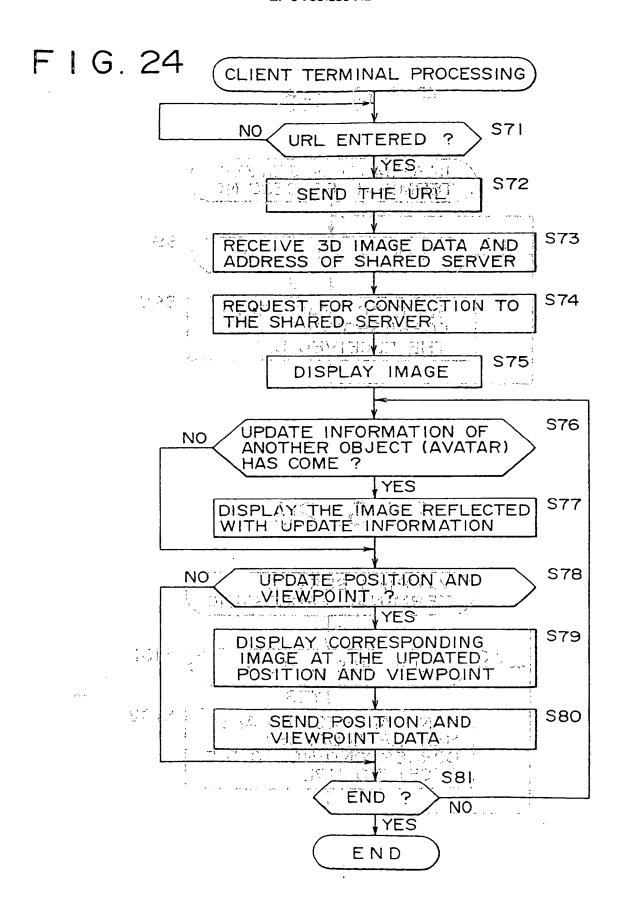
F I G. 18











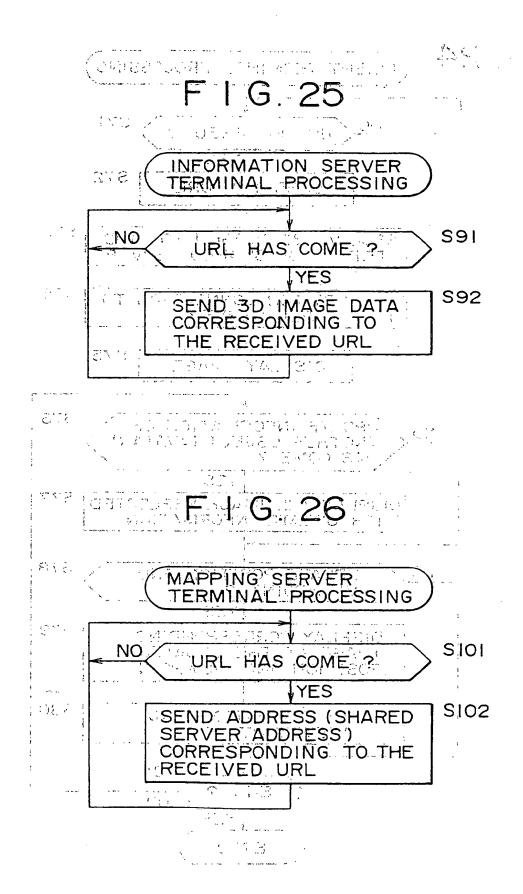
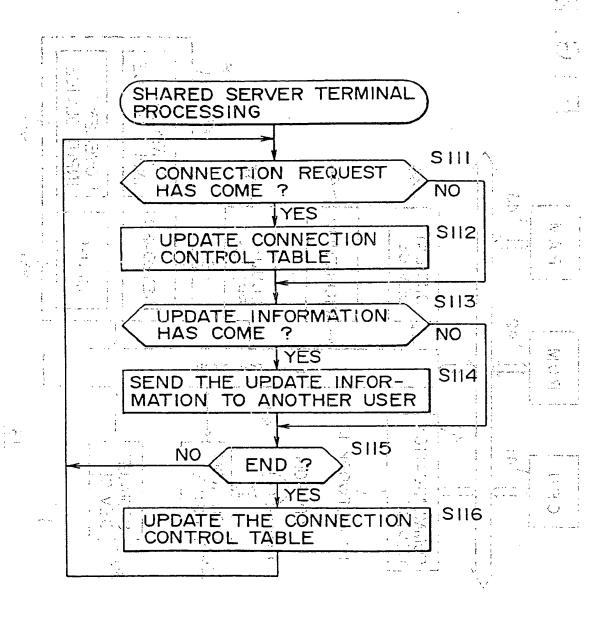
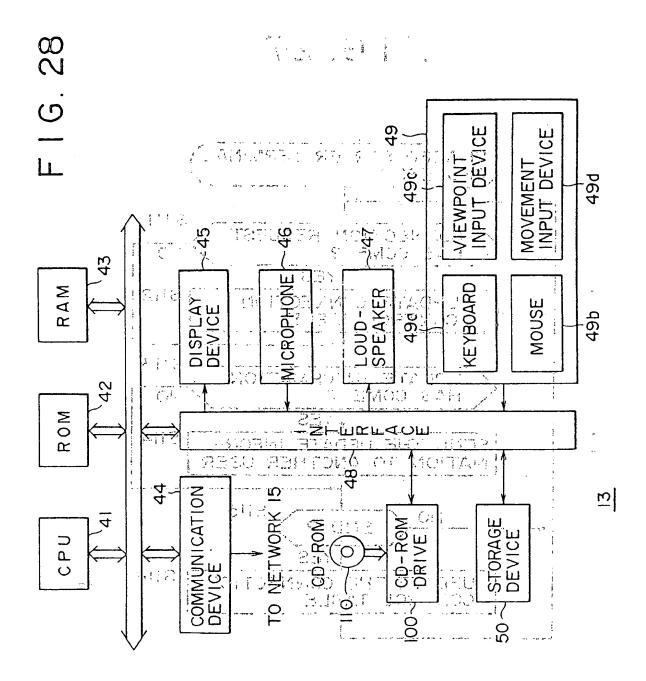


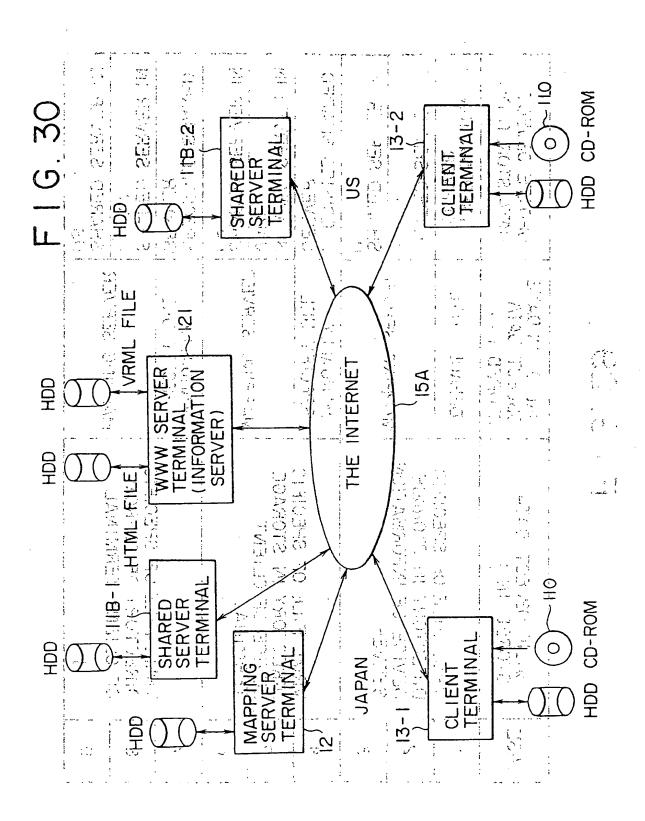
FIG. 27

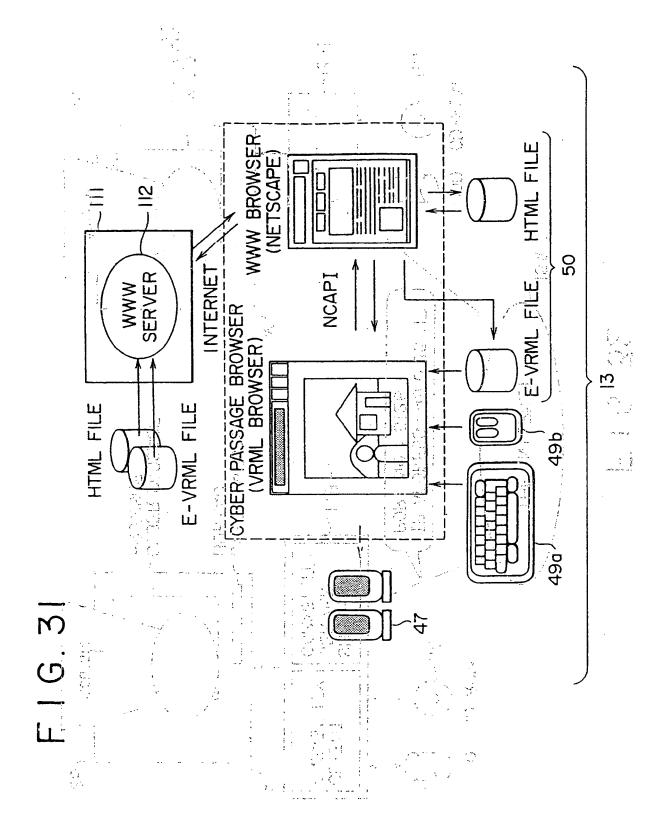


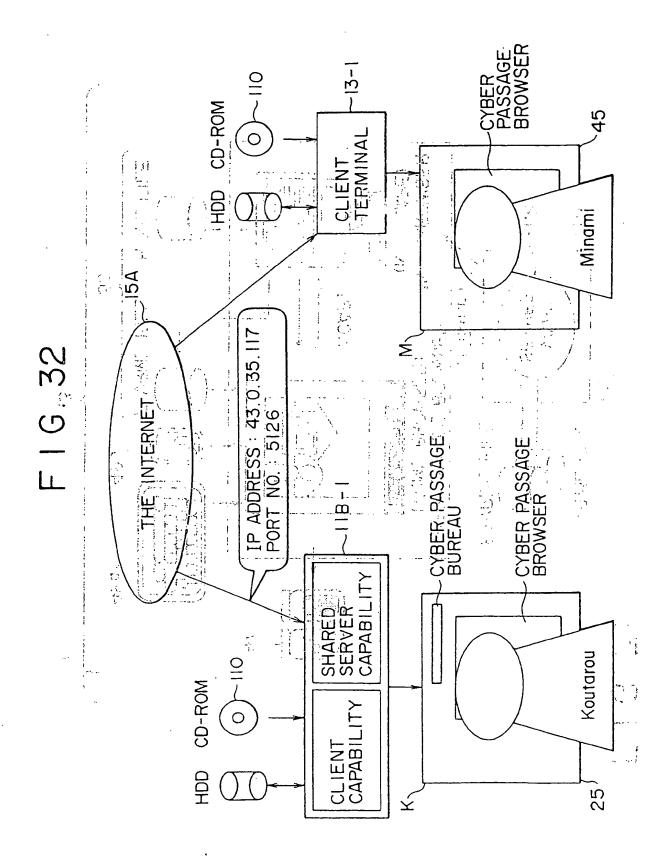


F I G. 29

UPDATE OBJECT DATA STORED IN:	INFORMATION SERVER	SHARED SERVER IN JAPAN	SHARED SERVER IN US	SPECIFIED SHARED SERVER	SHARED SERVER IN JAPAN	SHARED SERVER IN US	SPECIFIEDS SHARED SERVER	SHARED SERVER IN JAPAN	SHARED SERVER IN US	
URL OF UPDATE OBJECT DATA STORED IN:	DEFAULT URL	SO SMOOTH		MANUALLY SPECIFY URL		MAPPING SERVER	MANUALLY SPECIFY URL		MAPPING SERVER	office of the second of the se
CASE BASIC OBJECT DATA STORED IN:	I WENT FILE OF SPECIFIC	100	3 SERVER	4 VEMI-FILE OF SPECIFIC	5 DEVICE OF CLIENT	6 TERMINAL		8 DIRECTORY OF CD-ROM	OF CELEINS JENNINAL 9	

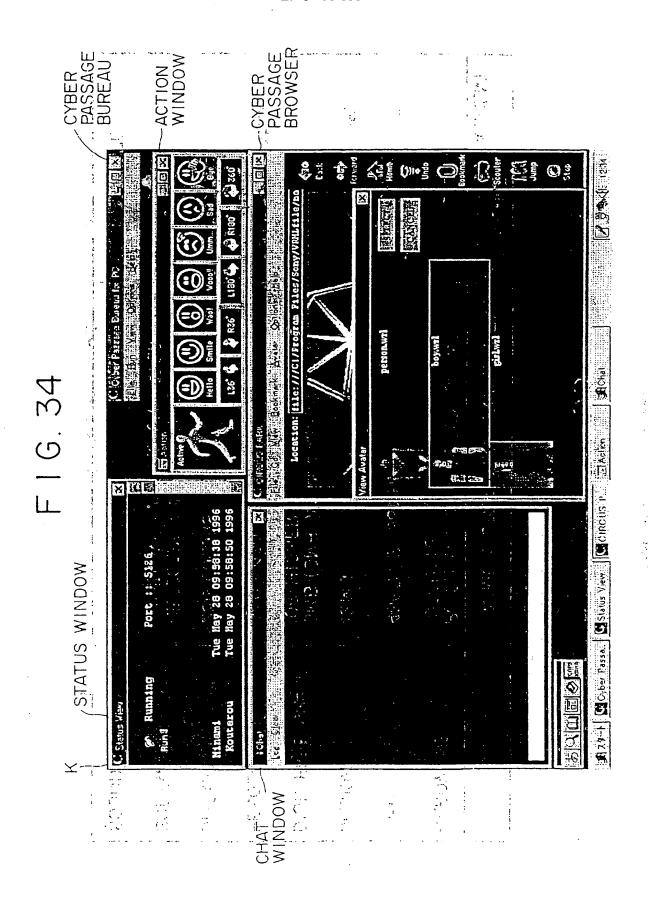




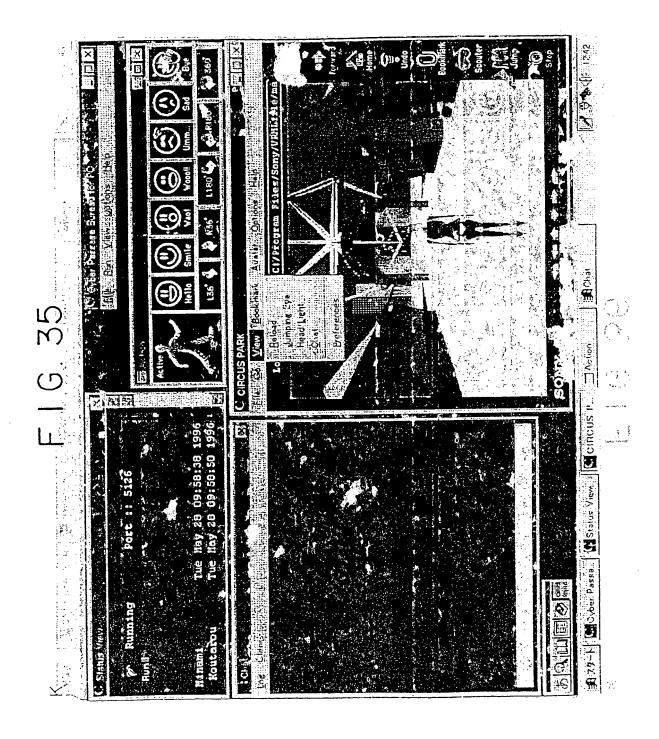


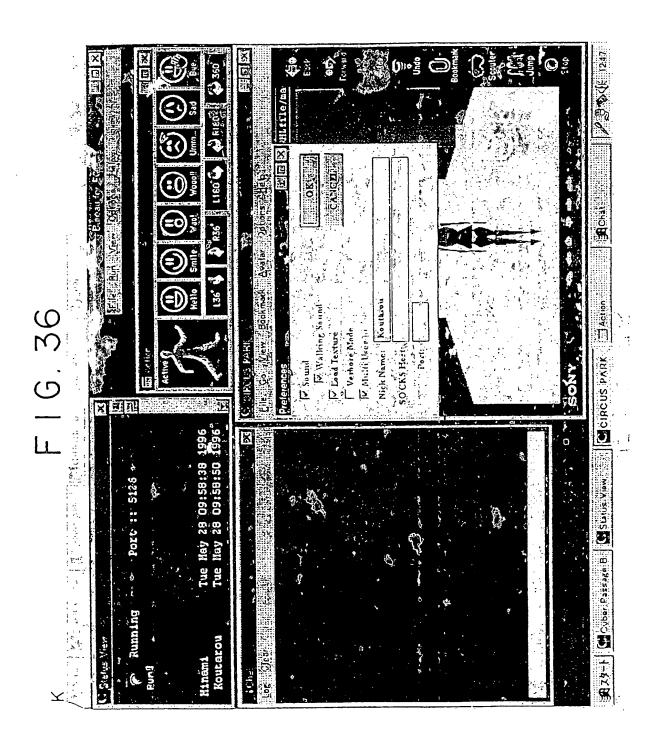
F 16 33

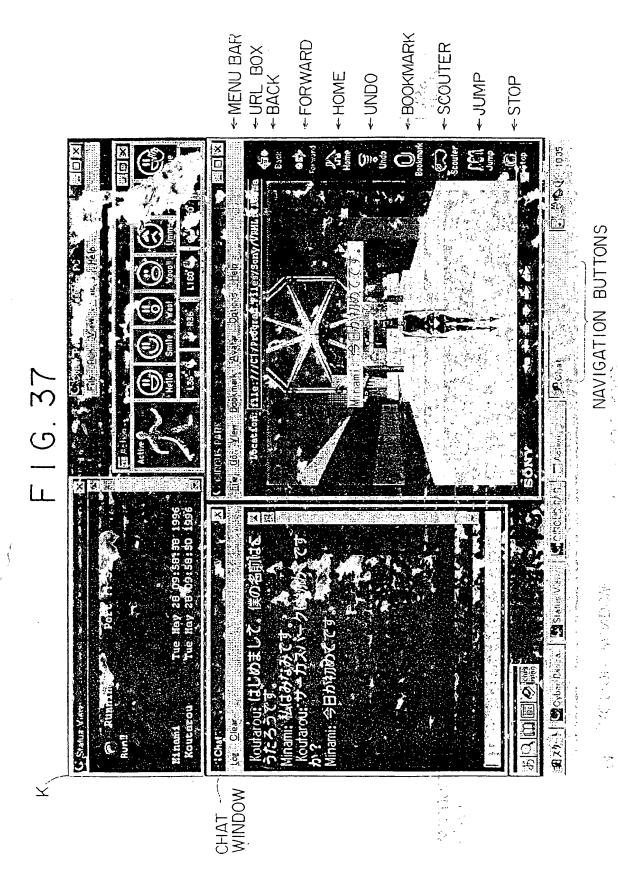
HARDWARE OPERA CPU	PC ON WHICH WINDOWS 95/NT OPERATE 486D x 2, 66 MHz	
	2, 66 MHz	
	一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一	PENTIUM 75MHz OR HIGHER
MEMORY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	32MB OR HIGHER
DISK FREE SPACE OR FIC	3MB (9MB AT INSTALLATION)	V. V.
RESOLUTION 640 x 4	640 × 480 PIXELS 0R HIGHER	BCO-X GOO PIXELS OR HIGHER
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		65536 COLORS OR HIGHER
	NETSCAPE NAVIGATOR FOR WINDOWS (VER 2.0 OR LATER)	
ONNOS		SOUNTEROURD



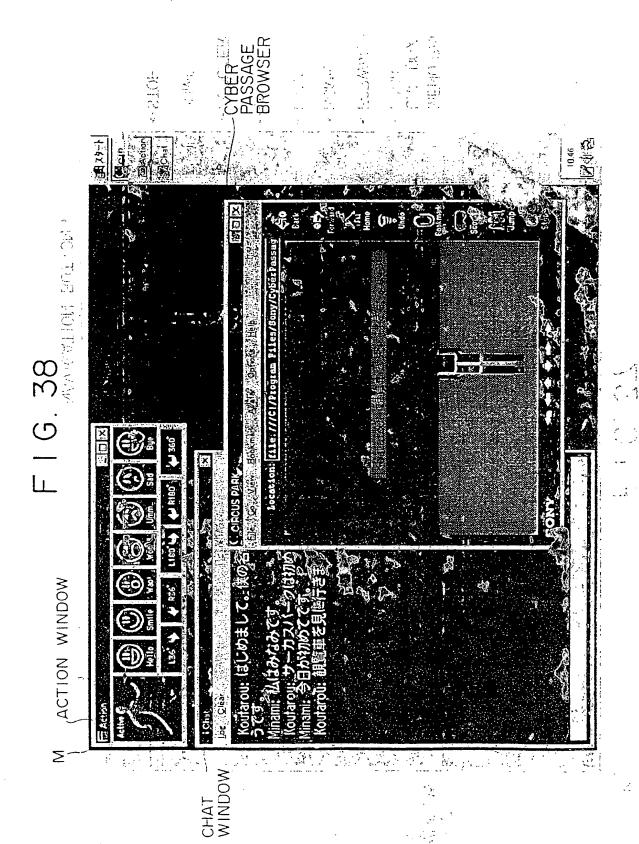
(

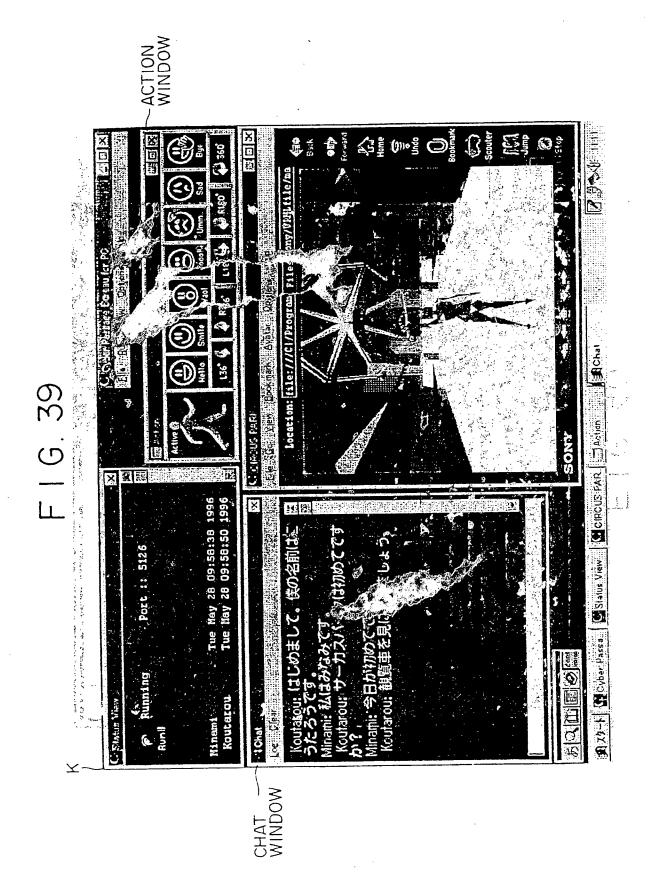


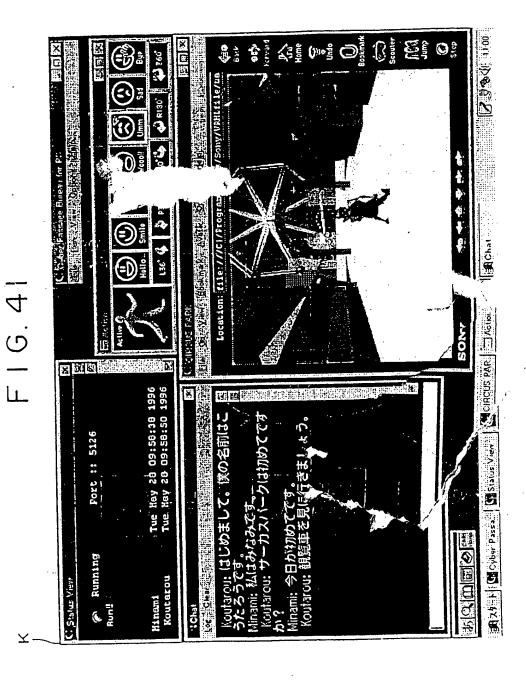




62

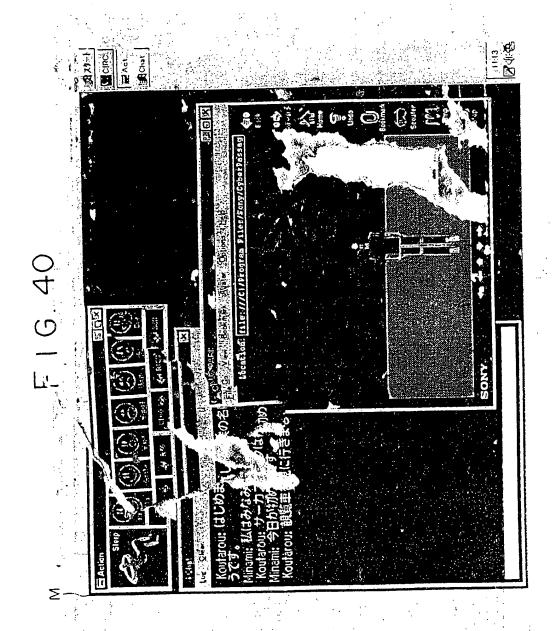




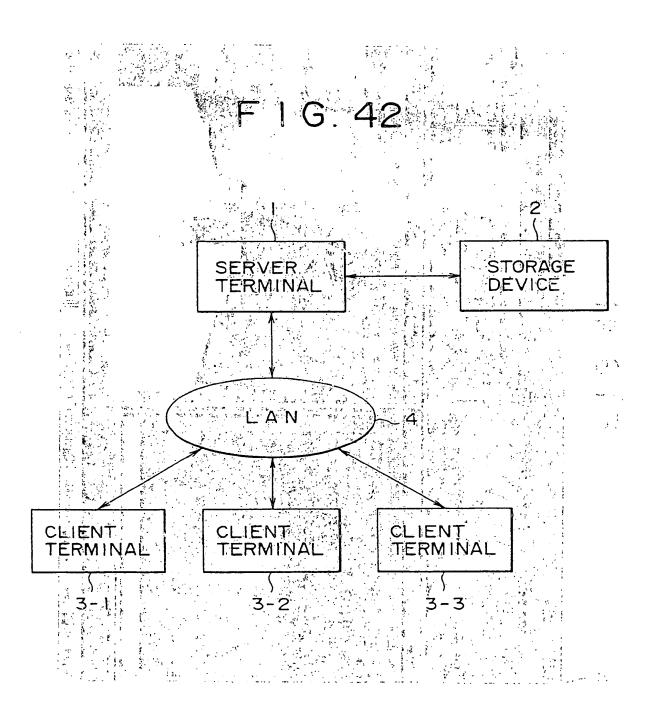


65

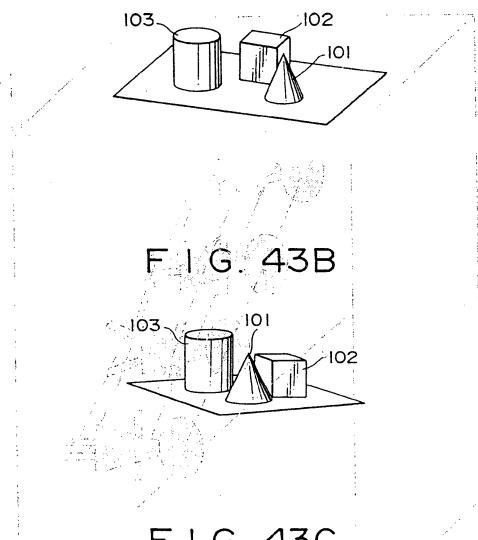
THIS PAGE BLANK (USPTO)

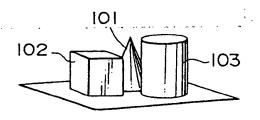


THIS PAGE BLANK (USPTO)



F I G. 43A







Enopsen Palent

annomic Street Speciae edility

CA PALANTO PA

MONAGE CATHOTS MALCOT U

Statement of the Statem

(3A months only energy \$7.4) 2.77 \$90 0 (40) (40) (3.78) (4.76)

\$1395.81 PBC the divino months official (177)

State of the state

is a recovered appropried ().

TEST TESTS OF ELECTRONIC WERE TO THE

- Land Control of the Control of the

The second secon

第一、 gen kan in jedich Mand anda Miching kan an ib jak j genam jah Manda kan men ib jak in dan iba An Handa kan men jak jah jak in jak Manda i

TOWN FROM SANS, TEN, BUT HOLD

कारता हुता हो है। विकास समित हुता एक उन्ने से सामान के लिए है। विकास का कि एक हो है।

at the companient of the compa

tempor on interest to the line arms of the most offer the court of the



EP 0 753 835 A3

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(88) Date of publication A3: 22.01.1997 Bulletin 1997/04

(51) Int. Cl.⁶: **G06T 15/00**, G06F 17/60

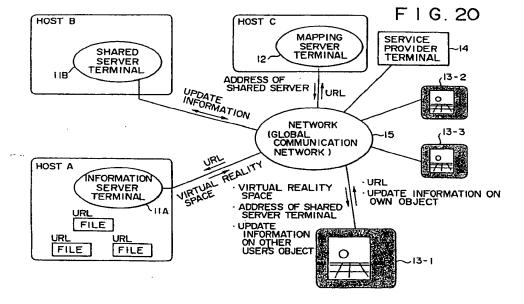
- (43) Date of publication A2: 15.01.1997 Bulletin 1997/03
- (21) Application number: 96111298.4
- (22) Date of filing: 12.07.1996
- (84) Designated Contracting States: BE DE FR GB IT
- (30) Priority: 12.07.1995 JP 175854/95
- (71) Applicant: SONY CORPORATION Tokyo (JP)

- (72) Inventor: Honda, Yasuaki Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo (JP)
- (74) Representative: Melzer, Wolfgang, Dipl.-Ing. et al Patentanwälte Mitscherlich & Partner, Postfach 33 06 09 80066 München (DE)

(54) A three-dimensional virtual reality space sharing method and system

(57) Volume of communication necessary for displaying moving images is minimized. When an object is moved on a client terminal (13-1), a message indicating the movement of the object is transmitted to a server terminal (11-1). The server terminal (11-1) transmits the message to client terminals (13-2 and 13-3). Each of the client terminals (13-1) through (13-3) stores a message table in advance to execute the message. According the message table, an image for locally moving an

object (101) is generated and displayed. This novel setup transmits information about the update of an update objects composed of a plurality of sub objects each of which state is subject to change, in a minimum transmission volume. This, in turn, allows cooperative operations of the plurality of sub objects to be smoothly displayed in a three-dimensional virtual reality space shared by a plurality of users.





EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

ategory	Citation of document with inc		Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.CL6)
acegosy	PROCEEDINGS. HUMAN F SYSTEMS, MONTEREY, C ACM PRESS, USA, pages 329-334, XP000 CODELLA C ET AL: "I in a multi-person vi * page 332 - page 33 PROCEEDINGS. COMPUTE SWITZERLAND, 19-21 COMPUT. SOC. PRESS, pages 44-49, XP00019 SINGH G ET AL: "Net * paragraph 3.0 - pa * figures 1,2 *	ACTORS IN COMPUTING A CA, USA, 3-7 MAY 1992, 19426815 Interactive simulation intual world a capacitation of the computation of	1-25 A	G06F15/56 30% 3 G06F17/66 37% 3 G06F17/66 3
A. A	JAPAN, vol. 26, no. 3, Octo pages 197-206, XP000 FUXUDA K ET AL: "H computer communicat Habitat" * paragraph 2 - para PROCEEDINGS. VIRTUA INTERNATIONAL SYMPO 18-22 SEPT. 1993, I pages 394-400, XP00	ober 1990, 0178534 ypermedia personal ion system: Fujitsu agraph 3; figure 2 * L REALITY ANNUAL SIUM, SEATTLE, USA, EEE C. SOC. PRESS, USA 0457709 "DIVE - A multi-user tem"	1-25	TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl,6) G06F G06T G07F
	The present search report has b	een drawn up for all claims in a product	3 years	
1	Place of search	Date of completion of the search	-!	Product to the second
1	BERLIN S Jane 1994	12 November 199	96 Jo	nsson, P.O.
Y : p	CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUME articularly relevant if taken alone articularly relevant if combined with an norment of the same category echnological background	NTS T: theory or pris E: earlier patent greet the fills other D: document of		និក្សាស្ថិត ស្រី ស្រី ស្រី ស្រី ស្រី ស្រី ស្រី ស្រី



EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

EP 96 11 1298

stegory	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate,	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.Cl.6)
	PROCEEDINGS VIRTUAL REALITY ANNUAL INTERNATIONAL SYMPOSIUM, RESEARCH TRIANGLE PARK, NC, USA, 11-15 MARCH 1995, IEEE C. SOC. PRESS, USA, pages 11-18, XP000574850 (UNJIE WANG ET AL: "EM-an environment manager for building networked virtual	1-25 MO	STEER CHAIN CHAIN AND CHAI
f	environments" * paragraph 3 * 20 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	5	Company of the control of the contro
	DISTRIBUTED SIMULATION, ANAHEIM, CA, USA, 23-25 JAN. 1991, wol. 23, no. 1, SCS, USA, pages 104-111, XP000602810 KANARICK C M: "A technical overview and history of the SIMNET project."	F 1 · 6	
	* page 105 *	7 .+. fb - , partgy	AMARIAN SANTAN S
	PROSPER A TANK A	200	
	1000 1 S 8 400 1 15 dq		Singi record
	(4) (7) (7) (7) (4) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7		18.0013603 x1; 41.7542 28.36; 41.6462 20.004;
		-	· :
	The present search report has been drawn up for all claims		
	Place of search Date of completion of the search	1 .	Examples 1
i 1	BERLIN 12 November 1996	Jon	sson, P.O.
X : part Y : part	ATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS T: theory or principl E: earlier patent doc cularly relevant if taken alone cularly relevant if combined with another ment of the same category L: document cited in	ument, but publi te the application	shed on, or or to the control of th

3.

MA W

This Page is Inserted by IFW Indexing and Scanning Operations and is not part of the Official Record

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:

☐ BLACK BORDERS
IMAGE CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
FADED TEXT OR DRAWING
BLURRED OR ILLEGIBLE TEXT OR DRAWING
SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
COLOR OR BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPHS
☐ GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS
☐ LINES OR MARKS ON ORIGINAL DOCUMENT
☐ REFERENCE(S) OR EXHIBIT(S) SUBMITTED ARE POOR QUALITY
OTHER.

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

As rescanning these documents will not correct the image problems checked, please do not report these problems to the IFW Image Problem Mailbox.

THIS PAGE BLANK (USPTO)